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For the Proprietor: HONGKONG TELEGRAPH, 11, SOUTH CHINA MORNING POST, LTD.

The Hongkong Telegraph.

TODAY'S WEATHER: Light variable winds; fair, apart from scattered afternoon showers.

1 p.m. Observations: Barometric pressure, 1007.4 mbs., 29.75 in. Temperature, 87.9 deg. F. Dew point, 78 deg. F. Relative humidity, 72. Wind direction, West by South. Wind force, 9 knots. High water: 4 ft. 5 in. at 5.05 p.m. Low water: 4 ft. 1 in. at 1 p.m.

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VOL. III NO. 214

FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 10, 1948.

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RUSSIANS FIRE ON DEMONSTRATING BERLIN CROWD

British Plane Flies Faster Than Sound

London, Sept. 9.—A British experimental jet aircraft, a De Havilland 108, has flown faster than sound, according to the Ministry of Supply announcement tonight. The speed achieved was not disclosed, but it was believed to be around 700 miles per hour.

The official announcement said: "In the course of recent high-speed development trials on the De Havilland 108 research aircraft, an apparent Mach number in excess of one has been recorded."

The pilot was Mr. John Derry, a Mach number—named for the late Mr. Ernest Mach of Vienna—is a means of expressing speed in relation to the velocity of sound. A Mach number of 1 indicates the speed of sound, 700 miles an hour at sea level, decreasing with altitude to 660 miles per hour at 40,000 feet. Thus this is the first British official claim that a pilot aircraft has broken through the sonic barrier. Since the altitude at which the flight was made was not disclosed tonight, the actual speed of flight was unknown, but it was believed by one expert that the flight was made at a high altitude.

TAILLESS MONOPLANE

The aircraft is a tailless monoplane with swept-back wings powered by a De Havilland "Goblin" jet engine.

The world speed record is now 650.789 miles per hour but on September 5, Major Richard Johnson, of the United States Air Force, claimed to have achieved 669 mph in a fully-armed jet fighter. The official timing cameras did not obtain sufficient records to gain an official rating for this flight.

The United States Secretary for Air, Mr. W. Stuart Symington, told a Washington press conference on June 10 that a United States Air Force research plane "has flown much faster than the speed of sound, many times." He refused any information about the speeds attained.

The DH 108 is a small tailless plane with one central pure-jet engine and the appearance of a bat. It was built specially for problems of research connected with the De Havilland Flying Wing, a 40-seater jet-airliner being constructed in the utmost secrecy.

It was in a DH 108 that Mr. Geoffrey de Havilland, the chief test pilot of his family's famous firm, lost his life while flying at well over 600 miles per hour in September, 1946.

(Continued on Page 5)

U.S. Will Stand Firm

Washington, Sept. 9.—President Truman today proclaimed America's determination to "stand up for our rights" in Berlin.

The President claimed that the Russians were indulging in "attempted duress," but insisted that "we are not negotiating under duress."

Mr. Truman began his press conference on the Berlin crisis by giving his unqualified backing to the Secretary of State, Mr. George Marshall's assertion yesterday that the current developments in the German capital should be "firmly resisted."

"We are still standing up for our rights in Berlin," the President said in a firm voice. "We are doing everything we can by negotiation."

"We will not negotiate under duress. We are not negotiating under duress and we will continue negotiating, always hoping that we can get peace," he said.

Communists Fail In TUC Elections

Margate, Sept. 9.—British Communists failed in their most ambitious attempt so far to get strong representation on the General Council of the Trades Union Congress. The new Council includes only one Communist—Mr. A. Papworth, nominee of the Transport and General Workers Union, re-elected without a contest.

The four other Communist candidates made a poor showing, two coming at the bottom of the poll for vacant seats.

The TUC tonight endorsed the General Council's support of the Government's "peg wages, prices and profits" policy on condition that the Government acted more vigorously to reduce prices.

The decision was reached by a very large majority after Congress had rejected a more extreme proposal that the Government should introduce statutory control of profits.

Several leaders of the Movement who spoke out in defence of the

One Boy Killed: Soviet Flag Torn Down

Berlin, Sept. 9.—Ten Russian soldiers fired tommyguns into a crowd of some 300,000 anti-Communist demonstrators in the British sector today, killing a German boy. They fired an estimated 60 shots after German demonstrators had stoned Soviet soldiers who drove into the British sector to relieve the guard of the Russian war memorial near the Reichstag building, scene of the demonstration. A 15-year-old boy was killed and at least seven other Germans wounded. Kenneth Ames, United Press staff correspondent who was at the scene, saw three persons wounded.

RUSSIAN SOLDIERS STONED

The boy was Wolfgang Schumann, one of two German youths who ripped the Russian flag from the top of a pole near the Reichstag. He was hit in the stomach and died at Elizabeth Hospital.

Colonel Frank Howley, American commander in Berlin, when informed of the incident by the United Press, said: "I am astonished to hear the news of this Russian soldier being killed and several others injured by stones. This report could not be confirmed."

Hospital officials quoted most of the wounded "as saying they were shot by Soviet sector gunmen as the latter fired from inside the Soviet sector."

HUGE MASS MEETING

The Soviet machinegunners fired across the border of the British sector, near the Brandenburg Gate, on Unter den Linden at 6.45 p.m. just as a huge mass meeting was breaking up. Anti-Communists had gathered from throughout the city to urge democratic city administration free of Communists and of Soviet domination.

The demonstrators started marching toward the Allied Control Authority Building in the American sector to present their petition to the Big Four Military Governors. A Soviet jeep started weaving through the crowd toward the Russian war memorial, which is some 300 yards inside the British sector.

When the jeep stopped in front of the memorial, the crowd booed the Russians and pelted them with rubble from bombed-out ruins. Russian soldiers leaped from the jeep with tommyguns and the sergeant in charge levelled his gun at the crowd.

JEEP SURROUNDED

Since the Russians were inside the British sector, the British Military Police took charge. A British captain seized the Soviet sergeant and the jeep was quickly surrounded by British MPs.

The new Soviet guard for the war memorial was escorted to its post by British officers. Other British soldiers began pushing back the surging crowd and a serious incident appeared to have been averted.

Herr Franz Neumann, Socialist Party leader, began talking to the crowd to divert its attention from the Russians. But just then ten Soviet soldiers opened fire with tommyguns from just inside the Soviet sector.

Machinegun bullets whizzed and one German scaled the gate, slipped up a flagpole and snatched down the Russian hammer and sickle flag which marks the Soviet sector boundary.

RIPS DOWN FLAG

He ripped the flag from the staff and threw it down to the crowd, which was cheering him.

The Soviet machinegunner then turned their weapons on the flag-snatcher.

British Military Police reinforcements roared up in trucks and jeeps and formed a cordon around the Russian memorial with the Soviet jeep in the centre. The seven Russian war memorial guards were now surrounded by anti-Communist demonstrators and the British soldiers shouldered their guns and prepared to fire into the crowd also.

PELTED WITH STONES

The British authorities said one Soviet sector German policeman was treated for injuries he suffered when German demonstrators pelted him with stones.

CONDITIONAL SUPPORT

Mr. Vincent Tewson, General Secretary of the TUC, presented the Council's report on the economic situation, which expressed continued support of the Government's policy, on condition that the Government was careful to keep prices and profits down.

Mr. Tewson analysed the country's production and balance of payments problems and said: "There is a point at which we have to consider how we are going to get through tomorrow's bread and butter."

The National Union of Tailors and Garment Workers had moved a resolution calling on the Government to maintain the purchasing power of wages and to "maintain and, if need be, to extend the cost of living subsidies and to review the effects of the Purchase and other taxes on commodities entering into ordinary domestic use."

Dame Anne Loughlin, moving the resolution, said that since January the cost of a man's suit increased 22 per cent and only two per cent of that was attributable to wages. A man's cotton shirt had gone up in price 23 per cent and only one and a half per cent was represented by wages.—Reuter.

EVACUATION OF HYDERABAD

Madras, Sept. 9.—Between one and two hundred British Nationals at present in Hyderabad will be evacuated in two specially chartered BOAC York planes on Friday.

All will be accommodated in Madras by their community with the help of the Indian Military and the Madras government. It was stated on Thursday by the regional information officer of the British Information Service.—Associated Press.

MOSCOW TALKS

The Soviet-licensed news agency, ADN, said one Soviet sector German policeman was killed and several others injured by stones. This report could not be confirmed.

Hospital officials quoted most of the wounded "as saying they were shot by Soviet sector gunmen as the latter fired from inside the Soviet sector."

Otto Suhr, President of the Berlin Assembly, visited the wounded in hospital.—United Press.

[Text of official British statement on the incident appears on Page 8, column 1].

Prospects

Moscow, Sept. 9.—Despite suggestions for a Foreign Ministers' meeting in Paris on Friday, it was reliably reported here today that the chances are still good for the resumption of four-power talks in Moscow.

The three Western envoys are still standing by for instructions from their home capitals.

At least two of them, British envoy Mr. Frank Roberts, and United States Ambassador Walter Bedell Smith, are expected to go to Paris.

It is reported that neither are making plans for an immediate departure although both will probably leave sometime next week.

First reaction in Western quarters here to the Soviet proposal to begin a Foreign Ministers' meeting in Paris tomorrow was that there is very little chance of this happening.

It is thought more likely that the envoys will seek to hold another meeting or meetings with the Russians and try to work out the Berlin impasse.—Associated Press.

Japan Threatened With Blackout

Tokyo, Sept. 9.—Leaders of the electrical workers' unions threatened today to blackout Japan if the power generation and distribution companies refuse to meet the union wage demands.

They have already sent instructions to their men in several areas including Tokyo to prepare for a blackout.—United Press.

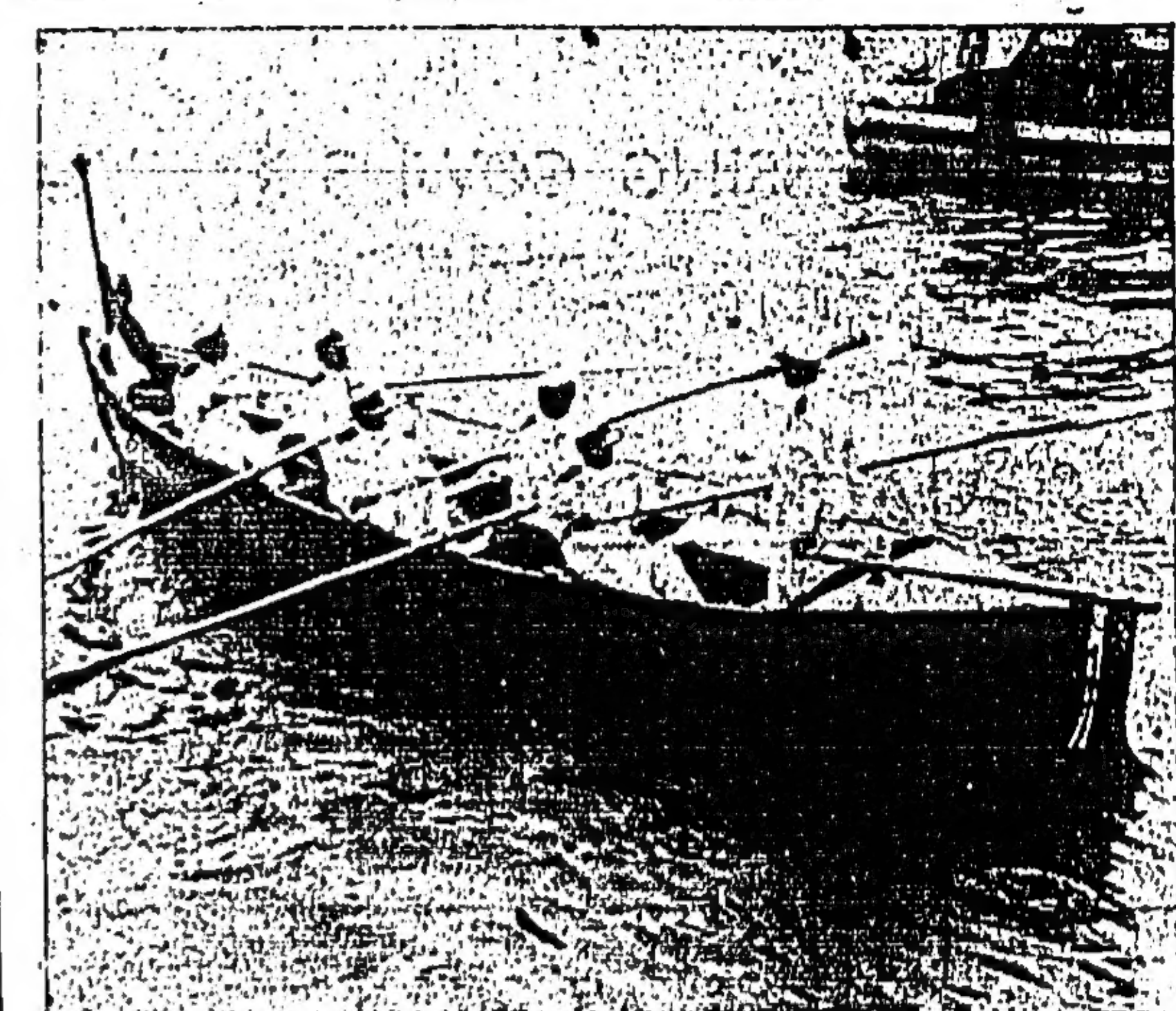
15,000 Filipinos Imperilled By Deadly Volcano Gases

Manila, Sept. 10.—Deadly gases from a volcano this morning imperilled the lives of 15,000 Filipinos marooned on the tiny island of Camiguin.

News of what could be one of the great disasters of modern times came in a frantic radio appeal for rescue ships. It was broadcast from a Philippines Navy Patrol craft a little before 3 p.m. GMT. There was no second message.

This island is about 450 miles by air southeast of Manila. It is a dozen miles north of the Mindanao coast.

The brief appeal was signed by Arturo Alcaraz, Philippine Government volcano expert. He has been



Admiral Sir Denis Boyd, KCB, CBE, DSO, left Hong Kong this morning for Singapore. This picture shows Admiral Boyd leaving Queen's Pier in a whaler, pulled by five senior Royal Navy officers, to HMS Alert.—Staff Photographer.

QUEUILLE READY TO FORM GOVT.

Paris, Sept. 9.—M. Henri Queuille, 64-year-old Radical Deputy, told President Vincent Auriol, of France, tonight that he was ready to form a government. He will present himself before the National Assembly tomorrow or Saturday for investiture.

The Premier-elect conferred today with the former Prime Minister, M. Andre Marie, and Edouard Herriot, President of the National Assembly, before deciding to accept the difficult task entrusted to him by the President.

MORE INFLATION

Recourse to temporary borrowing from the Bank of France and a consequent new dose of inflation seem inevitable, but even this requires the existence of a government.

Although a 24-hour protest strike by the Communist-led General Confederation of Labour public services' workers took place in Paris yesterday without any untoward incidents, M. Queuille still has to consider the possibility of widespread action by all three of the leading trade union federations in the near future if their demands for measures to meet the growing cost of living are not met.

M. Queuille's acceptance of the Premiership followed an agreement by the Socialists earlier tonight to vote for his investiture and it was understood, participate in the new cabinet—the fourth formed in under six weeks.

The earlier pessimism about the prospects of forming an "All Party" government, excluding only the Communist, gave way to greater optimism tonight in Paris political circles.

It is believed that M. Queuille has not only obtained the agreement of the various groups to vote for

him as Premier, but has also received their approval of his financial programme and the composition of his cabinet.

The latest figures of the Bank of France no doubt helped the Socialists to take a more conciliatory attitude. These figures show a "strong inflationary trend and heavy borrowing by the Treasury." An unexpected increase in the amount of bills discounted (abnormal at the beginning of the month) led some commentators to suppose that the Treasury had been discounting anticipated tax receipts in order to meet current liabilities.

The Socialists' objections to serving in a cabinet including declared Gaullists were apparently overcome by M. Queuille's promise to take into his government one or two Gaullist sympathizers, but to keep out declared Gaullists.

The Gaullist group has promised to support M. Queuille subject to his undertaking to reform the electoral law in preparation for future general elections, and their continued support would no doubt be contingent on the new government acting in this sense within a reasonable time.

Labour unrest under Communist inspiration continued today, and more token strikes in various parts of the country were reported. Strikes lasting for about one hour took place in some 40 coalfields in the north, the departure of several large ships was delayed in Marseilles, about half the workers in the Somme Department responded to a Communist call for a 24-hour protest strike and a one-hour general strike has been called for tomorrow at Bourges.

FINANCIAL QUESTION

M. Queuille indicated today that he was anxious above all to reach an agreement on the financial question with the various parties.

"I do not think anything can be achieved by hurrying," he declared. "It is only when we are in agreement on this (financial) question that we can proceed."

A joint resolution passed by the three big trade unions—the Communist-led General Confederation of Labour, the Force Ouvriere and the Christian Workers Federation—called for a monthly cost of living bonus of 3,000 francs (about HK\$90), for all wage earners.

Strong forces of police and Republican Security Guards were again on duty today at all approaches to the Elysee Palace of the President, following yesterday's marches to the Palace by Communist-led workers presenting resolutions in favour of a "democratic government" (with Communist participation).

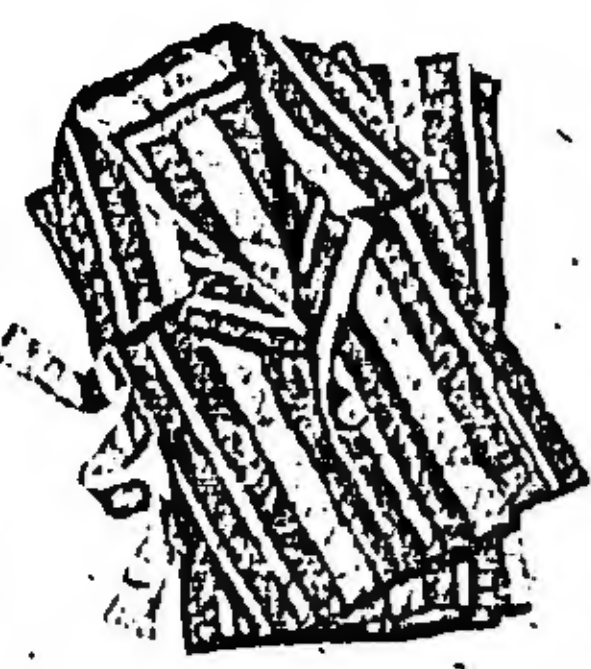
About 20 truckloads of Communist-led demonstrators from suburban factories arrived at the western approach to the Palace this afternoon, but only a delegation of five was allowed to pass.—Reuter.

EDITORIAL

Which Is The Reality?

THE hopes aroused by the announcement that the four military commanders in Berlin had resumed discussions for the purpose of resolving the Berlin problem have failed to materialize. The talks are stalemate and worse still, the Soviet authorities and their auxiliaries the Socialist Unity Party, have opened and developed a new offensive that cannot help but prejudice any four-power discussions whether conducted in Moscow or the German capital. The avowed purpose of this offensive is to overthrow and abolish the democratic system set up by the four Powers in 1946 and to put in its place a Junta nominated by the Socialist Unity Party. The existing municipality consists of a City Assembly elected by proportional representation, and of an Executive Council (the Magistrat) appointed by the Assembly. In the 1946 elections the Social Democrats won nearly half the seats. They and the other two democratic parties have a minority there now. Hence the Soviet authorities desire a "postponement" of the elections; hence the plan for a Communist coup. The first threat came, significantly enough, from the Tageliche Rundschau, which is the official mouthpiece of the Soviet Military Government. Just as the Moscow talks were

beginning it made a violent attack on the Magistrat, and that was the signal for the Socialist Unity Party to go into action. There followed organized "popular demonstrations" and raids on the City Hall—all carried out with the complicity of the Soviet authorities. And it was during one of these raids that the real plan was revealed. The Magistrat is to be abolished, the Assembly pushed aside. A "Special Commission" of nine councillors and nine "citizens" is to be set up to take over all executive authority and to be invested with wide "emergency" powers. This is the project in which during the Moscow conversations the Soviet authorities have been actively and vigorously engaged. It is a project quite incompatible with four-power control of the city and which would render any four-power talks on the future political structure of Germany futile and meaningless. It is completely inconsistent with the whole idea and the whole spirit of the Moscow talks. But it exists. Not for the first time there seems a deep contradiction, a deep inconsistency, in Soviet policy. There are, in fact, two policies which have been pursued simultaneously during the past month, the one in Moscow, the other in Berlin. And they are entirely incompatible with each other. Which is the reality—the words of Generalissimo Stalin or the actions of General Koltkov? That is the all important question, and the next few weeks should provide the answer.



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WOMANSENSE

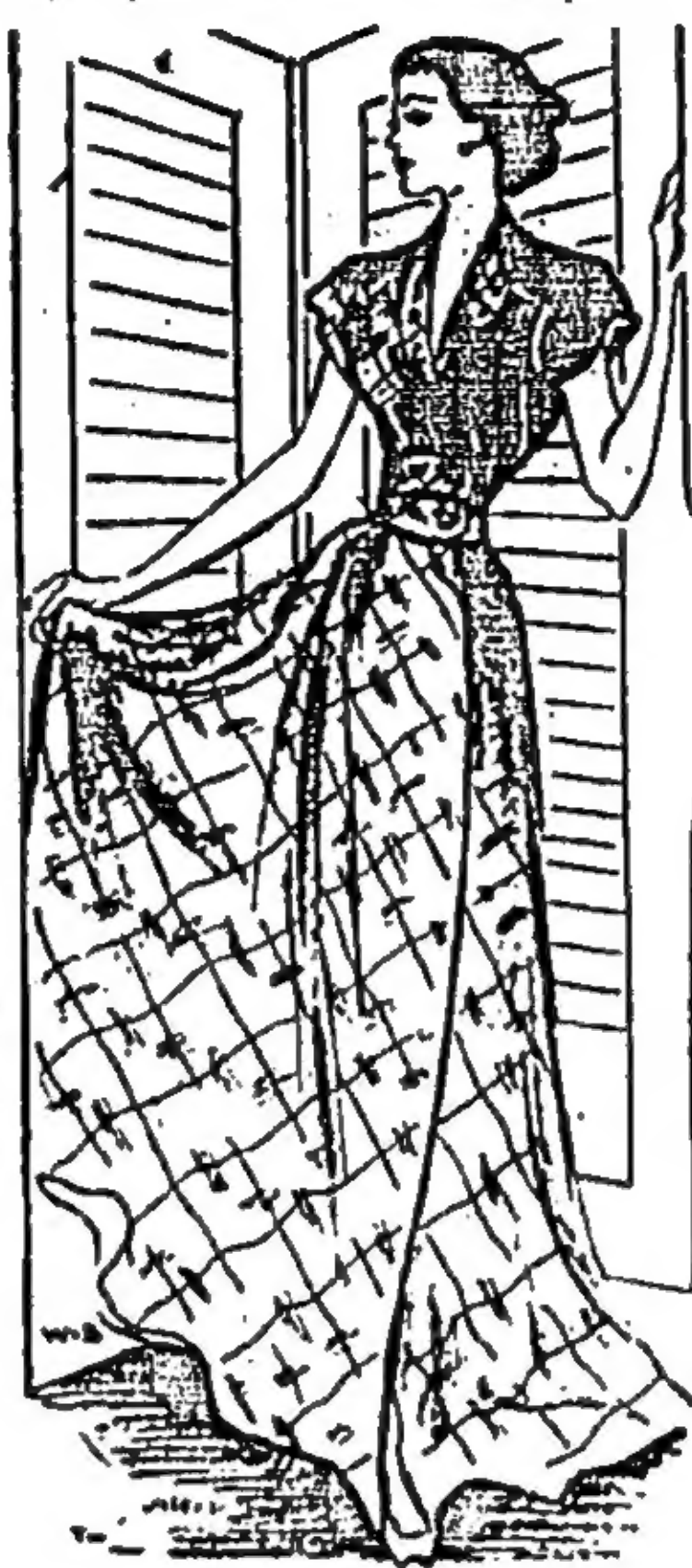
Be Beautiful At Home

A DRESS THAT is cool, comfortable, easy-to-wear and just as easy to look at, is a distinct find. Meeting these specifications is this daytime length at-home frock, a nice choice for an informal reception or tea. Green etched daisies on a soft creamy yellow ground with a belt of dark green grosgrain comprises the colour scheme. The easy, flowing lines of this dress allow for looser corseting in the warm weather which is a distinct advantage. It features a draped neckline, criss-cross bodice and short tab tied sleeves. The waist is slim above the fully gathered skirt which has its fullness concentrated centre front and back, with pored sides.



An afternoon special.

Many belles think only of party frocks, or going-out suits but seldom give a thought to how they dress at home. But a really elegant woman is one who is a neatly dressed housewife and a charming hostess. Here on this page are three ravishing housecoats designed for the average woman.



For hot weather at home.

COOL LOOKING and very comfortable when the thermometer soars, is this crisp, semi-tailored robe of white crinkly cotton that looks like cotton matelasse. It is printed in an etched design in royal blue, a sort of broken plaid effect. Curved revers extend from a gathered yoke. The slim waist achieves its slender lines by means of an actual set-in double band that is twice buttoned.

CHILDREN LACKING IN VITAMINS

By Herman N. Bundeson, M.D.

RICKETS is a condition due to lack of vitamin D, sometimes known as the "sunshine" vitamin. Formed by the body itself in the presence of sunshine, it is essential to strong bones and good general health. Without it, neither calcium nor phosphorus can be used by the body.

In consequence the bones are softened to the point where they cannot do their job of supporting the weight. For this reason, the baby with rickets is likely to develop bow-legs and other deformities. He also has weak, flabby muscles, sweats a great deal, and grows cross and irritable.

Two Weeks Old

Of late years, babies have been protected against this disease by the giving of preparations containing vitamin D, beginning when they are about two weeks old. Sometimes, particularly in the case of premature babies who are more susceptible to rickets than those born at full term, it is started earlier.

Recently a cheaper and more convenient way of doing this has been discovered. Studies have been carried out not only on animals, but also with infants, which show that it is possible to protect normal babies against rickets for a period varying from six to twelve months by giving them a series of injections of vitamin D in oil. The injection is given into a muscle.

It is suggested that the best time for the use of this preventive measure is on the eighth day after birth. At first, 25,000 units of the vitamin D were employed; later on, this was reduced to one-fourth of this amount. However, in order to be more certain that the rickets will be prevented, it is recommended that 12,500 units be given to protect the infant against rickets. The smaller dose may be used in climates where exposure to sunshine during the autumn and winter months can be more liberal.

Full Dose

Premature infants are given the full dose of 12,500 units during the winter period and the same dose during the summer period. There would seem to be no objection to repeating the injections of vitamin D each year during the latter part of September or the early part of October. This treatment has been found effective.

CATS HOLD THEIR GROUND

WHEELING, W. Va. — Modern science in this city has been trying to write off the cat as a has been in the extermination of the rat.

But the cat has not been pushed off the payrolls by fancy traps, rodent-proof buildings and derogatory city council ordinances.

Puss has found her greatest friend in Madelyn Kaufmann, city food inspector. Miss Kaufmann contends that the removal of the cat from eating places:

1. Paves the way for bigger rat assemblies, which drag down the standard of living established by their enemy, the cat.

2. Brings the greater use of rat poison, which might miss the rat but hit the human.

So, undisturbed, the cat ekes out her living in many of Wheeling's restaurants, groceries and drug stores.

Perhaps the acknowledged queen of Wheeling's catdom is Foxy, valued at \$1,000 a year on the payroll of her employer, a grill operator. She is known in every store in the downtown section.

Wheeling's cats are faithful to their duty. Buster, unofficially hired by a chain store, gave her life recently in an attempt to rid the management of a rodent. Both were found dead after a struggle, and the manager immediately began a search for Buster's replacement.

THE EXPERT IN THE KITCHEN

ANY soup may be either jellied or iced. To ice soup, pour into freezing trays of refrigerator, leave until just leed and put into soup cups.

To jelly soup, allow to a thin clear soup 4oz. powder gelatine to 1 pint soup. Allow to a thickened soup 4oz. powder gelatine to 1 pint soup. Soften the gelatine in 2 tablespoonsful of cold water. Pour on the very hot soup. Stir until the gelatine has melted. Pour into soup cups or plates and serve garnished with rings of tomato and cucumber.

RED RYDER



Will They Listen?

By Fred Harman

What Style Eyebrow for You?



To emphasise the graceful curve of her eyebrows, Brenda Joyce, of the movies, uses an eyebrow pencil with quick, easy strokes.

By HELEN FOLLETT

IT is on record that Chinese women plucked their eyebrows 4,000 years ago. We have been tweezing ours for the last twenty years. Now they are getting back to normal. Years hence the shadow line may make a return engagement. So it goes. We used to believe that demountable hair would never be worn again. But here it is in the form of brows, curls and chignons. Like fashions in dress, beauty whimsies move in cycles.

Movie stars have much to do with starting fashions. Some of the pretties displayed eyebrows of eccentric pattern, and little girl movie fans attempted imitations, overlooking the fact that certain designs of forehead scimitars suit certain faces.

To be enhancing, the eyebrows should follow the shape of the eyes to a certain extent. The countenance of the round-eyed girl is completely out of form when she sketches a long straight line with the crayon.

The downward curve at the far end of the eyebrow gives the face softness and charm. The line should be graceful. Good grooming demands that the borders should be clear cut, with no shafts outside the fold. Brushing with mineral oil imparts a pleasing gloss.

Beautiful lashes are every bit as valuable a good looks asset as well-turned eyebrows. The girl with long, black, curly winkers is the envy of her sisters. Applications of mineral oil will keep the growth healthy, will make a skimpy growth more abundant.

The eyelash curler can be used to impart an up-lift. It stretches the little shafts, helps them to take on a coil-like quality.

Mascara is a substance which the lashes are light of colour. If you resort to this harmless artifice, do not select black; a dark brown is softer, more becoming.

BOYS AND GIRLS' MAGAZINE

Pooh-Pooh's Doggy Friends

—All of Them Speak in Different Languages—

By MAX TRELL

KNARF and Hanid, the shadow-children with the turned-about names, saw Pooh-Pooh, the white poodle coming up the path to the house. Usually Pooh-Pooh bounced as he walked, and wagged his tail and shook his head and barked cheerfully but this time he walked very slowly with his head bowed and his tail very still.

"Pooh-Pooh is thinking about something," Hanid said to her brother Knarf.

At that moment, Pooh-Pooh sat down on his hind legs and scratched his head. "Yes," agreed Knarf, "now I'm sure he's thinking about something." So they both went over to him to find out what he was thinking about.

Not Very Smart

"Maybe you can help me," Pooh-Pooh said. "I guess I'm not a very smart puppy. There are lots of things I don't seem to understand."

"What happened?" Hanid asked him.

"Well," said Pooh-Pooh, "this morning, bright and early, I went for a walk down the street. And by and by, I met a beautiful black poodle with his hair all out in fancy tufts and curls. I ran right up to him to greet him. All of a sudden, he barked some words I couldn't understand."

"What words?" asked Knarf.

"He said Bon Jour. Now what can they mean?"

"They mean good morning," Hanid said. "That black dog must have been a French poodle. He was speaking French."

Pooh-Pooh said he was glad to know this. "But that isn't all," he went on. "I ran around the corner. There I suddenly met a big dog. He looked almost like a wolf but I decided to be friendly, and he did, too. So I started barking in English, but he didn't bark back in English at all!"

"What did he say?" Knarf and Hanid both asked.



"The dog looked like a big wolf," Pooh-Pooh said.

"He said Guten Morgen."

Hanid said: "Guten Morgen means good-morning, too. It's German."

"He was a German wolfhound," said Knarf.

Felt Happy Again

"Oh—that's right!" Pooh-Pooh exclaimed. He instantly felt happy again. He jumped up and wagged his tail. And all at once he cried: "Look! Here comes another dog!"

Sure enough, Knarf and Hanid saw (as Pooh-Pooh did), a bright-looking dog with a square mouth, and whiskers, and sharp eyes, and a short tail, and stopped-over ears, coming down the walk. They heard Pooh-Pooh barking merrily: "Good-morning! Bon Jour! Guten Morgen!"

And what did the other dog answer? What did he bark in greeting?

"Top o' the mornin' to you, lad!"

Knarf and Hanid looked at each other and laughed. "He was an Irish terrier!"

But this time Pooh-Pooh understood, and he and his friend ambled off together, as happy as two dogs can be!

Have A Friendly Smile For All

By KATHERINE HOUISON

JIMMIE is a little boy in our neighbourhood. He is always willing to run an errand, or help rake a lawn, but the thing that impresses everyone is his friendly, infectious grin. You see it long before you learn that his whole nature "smiles" in all sorts of friendly, helpful ways. He is the happiest youngster on the street and everyone likes him.

Mary is a pretty girl a few doors down on the other side of the street, but no one ever suggests that she "smiles" the baby-a-minute or run to the store for them. She would probably do it, but her attitude would make you feel you were imposing on her.

Mary acts as if she felt herself too important and had too many personal affairs to be bothered with helping others. But she doesn't hesitate to tell others how they can help her! She has built up an impression that she is selfish and inconsiderate and it certainly does not make her happy.

Are you like Jimmie or Mary? The impression you are making is important! A good impression like Jimmie's makes you popular, wins you friends and good times, but one like Mary's can spoil all your fun. More important still, the pattern you are setting now is pretty sure to stay with you.

Beavers Put to Work

Escondido, Cal.—Young readers, have you seen a beaver in a picture? It's quite a useful animal. Thirteen golden beavers have been trapped in Merced County.

In their new home they are counted on to dam up streams, helping conserve soil and water, forming meadows; adding generally to the underground water table and assisting in the propagation of all wild life.

The beavers are highly protected and cannot be trapped or otherwise taken for their fur or meat.

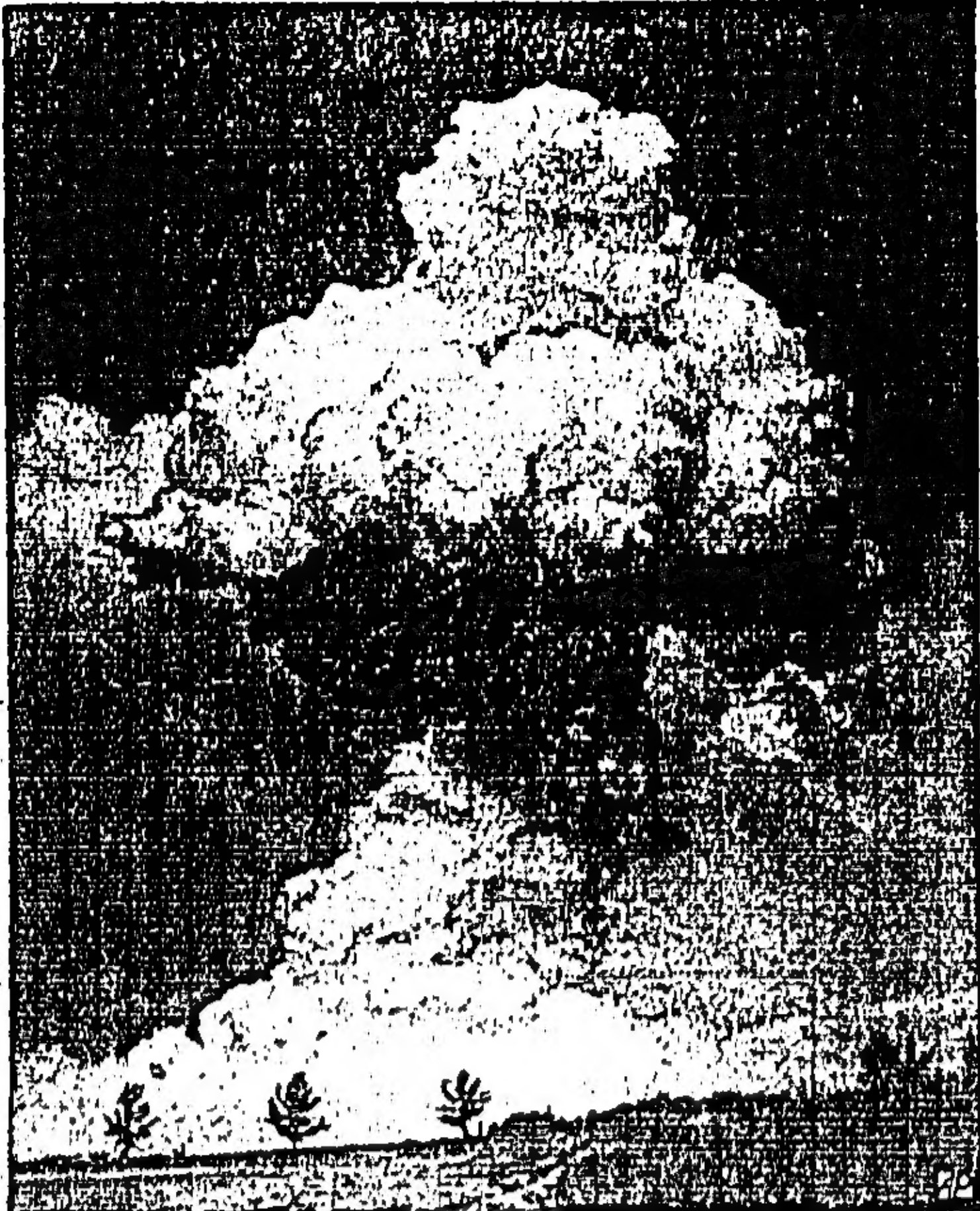
Rupert & Ting-Ling—35



Heating that Rupert wants to go home, Ting-Ling sends away the dragon, but the little bear sits down and looks rather glum. "I wonder if I ought to have said that," he thinks. "The old mandarin will know that I am still afraid of that dragon." He turns to the boy. "Yes, I should go home," he says. "But, oh dear, I don't want to go in that lift again. It did make me feel queer." Ting-Ling smiles. "You no like lift?" he says. "Then you no go lift. You go dragon, very nice, very comy, no? Yes, please."

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WORLD NEWS IN PICTURES



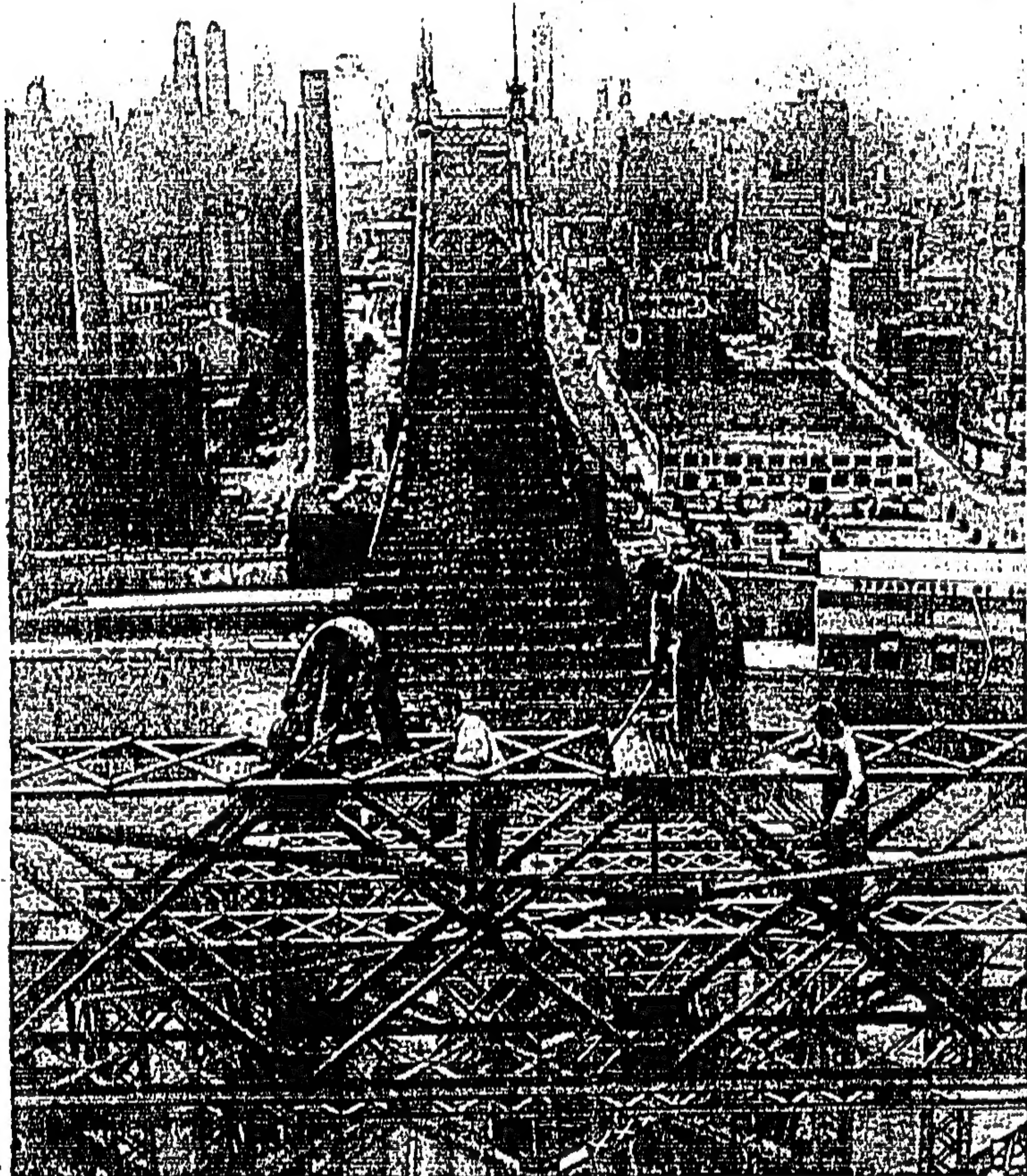
ATOM-LIKE CLOUD—This atom-like cloud was formed following the detonation of 37 old 100-pound white phosphorous bombs at MacDill Field, Tampa, Florida. The bombs were exploded because they were believed to be unsafe for handling.



BOOKSHOP IN RUINS—A bomb-destroyed building in the U.S. sector of Berlin shelters the portable stall and office of a dealer who buys and sells books.



BIKES COMBINED—Ted Myhre, Jr. (front), and David Nack, of Austin, Minnesota, with their bikes which they can combine into one machine in five minutes with a wrench.



BRIDGE GETS NEW COAT—Four men work 400 feet above the East River to put a fresh coat of paint on New York's Queensboro Bridge, linking Manhattan and the borough of Queens. This view, from the approximate centre of the bridge, is looking west towards Manhattan.



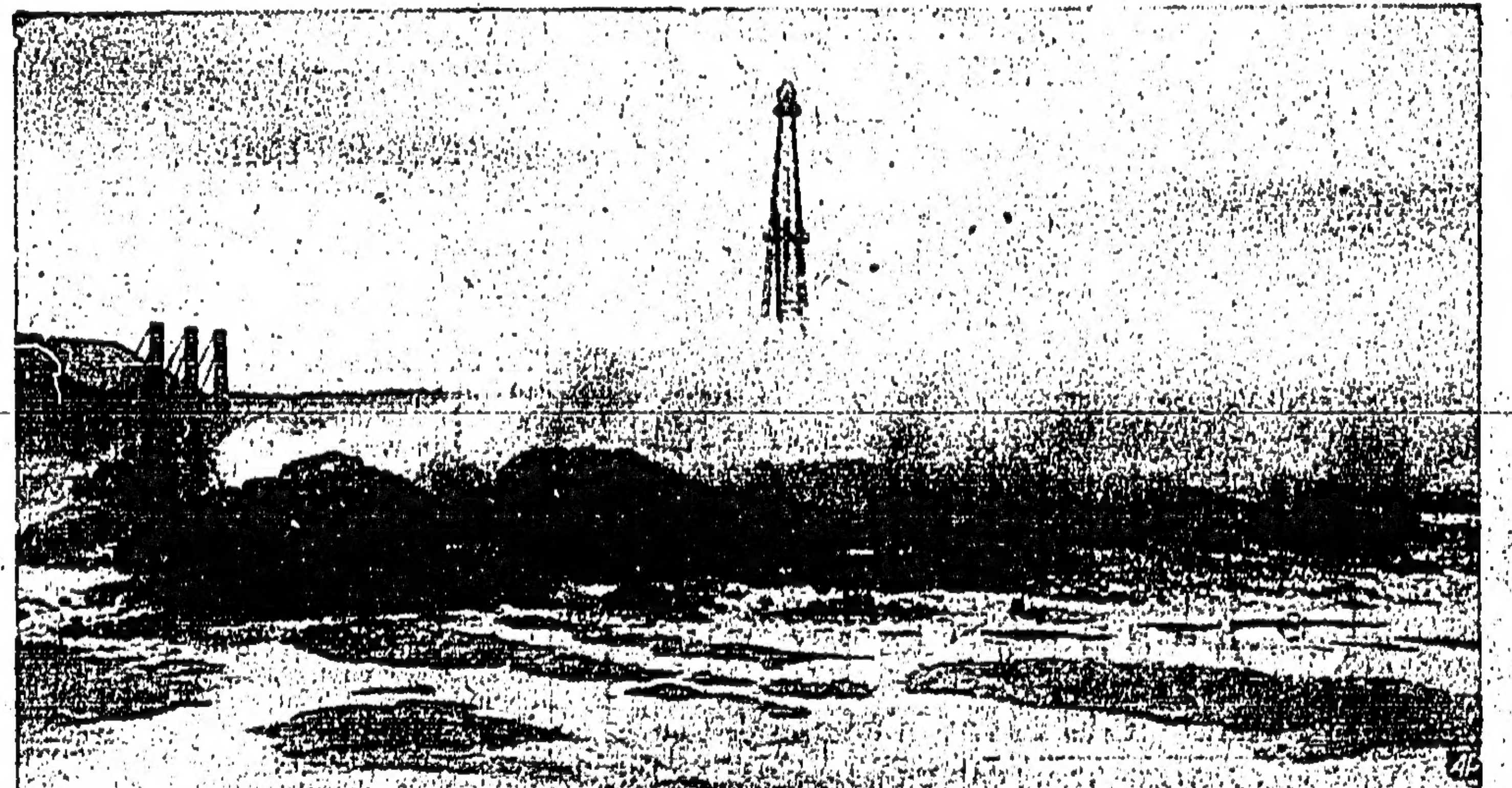
BIRD TRAINER—A five-week-old opaline-coloured shell parakeet receives early training from Rudy Staska of Chicago as another bird awaits its turn. Staska says birds soon learn to mimic voices and never forget phrases taught them.



CUBS FACE THE WORLD—Prince, Princess and Duke, two-month-old tiger cubs, take their first public airing at the Bronx Zoo with their mother, Dacca.



SECRETARY—Maurice J. Tobin, former Democratic governor of Massachusetts, is the new U.S. Secretary of Labour.



WELL RUNS WILD—Atlantic No. 3 in the new Leduc Field, near Edmonton, Alberta, still spews gas and oil five months after it ran wild. The well has averaged 14,000 barrels daily, forming an oil lake in the foreground. The two-year-old oilfield now has 100 producers.

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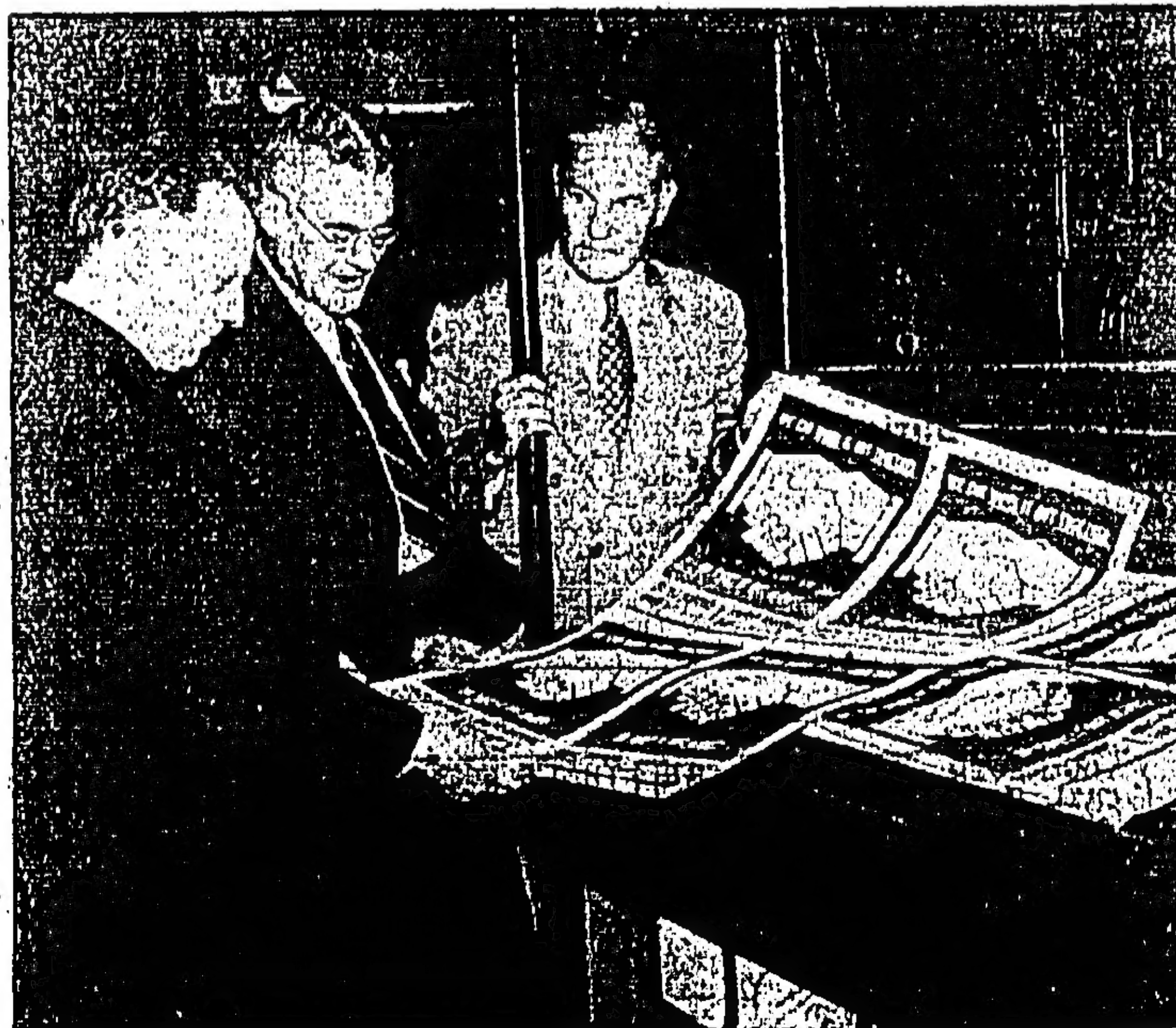
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FIRST UNITED NATIONS POSTERS—Officials at Lake Success examine a poster which will be distributed during United Nations Week. The slogan is: "We can work it out together or fight it out alone."



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Queen's ALHAMBRA

SHOWING TO-DAY AT 2.30, 5.15, 7.20 & 9.30 P.M.



— ADDED LATEST NEWS OF THE DAY —

- | At the QUEEN'S | At the ALHAMBRA |
|--|--|
| 1. U.S. NATIONAL TENNIS DOUBLES FINAL! | 1. MRS. KOSENKINA'S OWN STORY OF RED TERROR! |
| 2. GREEK REBELS ROUTED! | 2. HISS vs. CHAMBERS AT RED PROBE IN TENSE COURT SCENES! |
| 3. DUTCH ACCLAIMS WILHELMINA! | |

— QUEEN'S SUNDAY MORNING SHOW —

- | AT | "VARIETY PROGRAM" |
|------------|---------------------------------------|
| 11.30 A.M. | Coloured Cartoons & 3 Stages Comedies |
| ONLY | AT REDUCED PRICES! |

SHOWING TO-DAY **MAJESTIC** AT 2.30, 5.20, 7.20 & 9.20 p.m.

ALEXANDER KORDA'S PRODUCTION OF OSCAR WILDE'S MOST SCANDALIZING COMEDY
"AN IDEAL HUSBAND"
 COLOUR BY TECHNICOLOR
 Starring PAULETTE GODDARD
 with MICHAEL WILDING • DIANA WYNYARD
 COMMENCING SATURDAY



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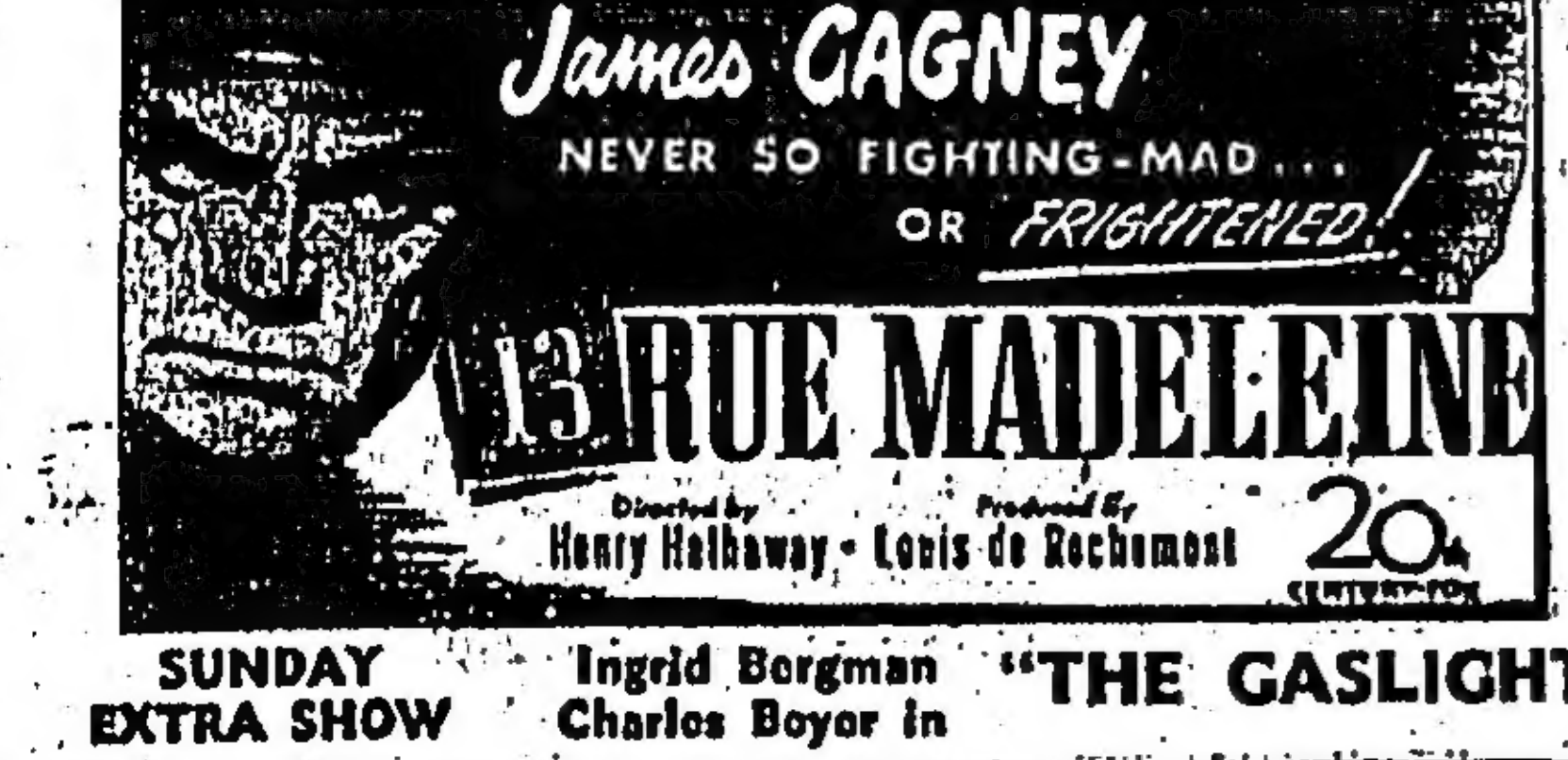
TAKE ANY EASTERN TRAM CAR OR HAPPY VALLEY BUS
 SHOWING TO-DAY: 2.30—5.15—7.30—9.30 P.M.
 HAPPY STARS, HAPPY ROMANCE, HAPPY SONGS,
 IN THE BIG, NEW MUSICAL HIT OF THE SEASON!



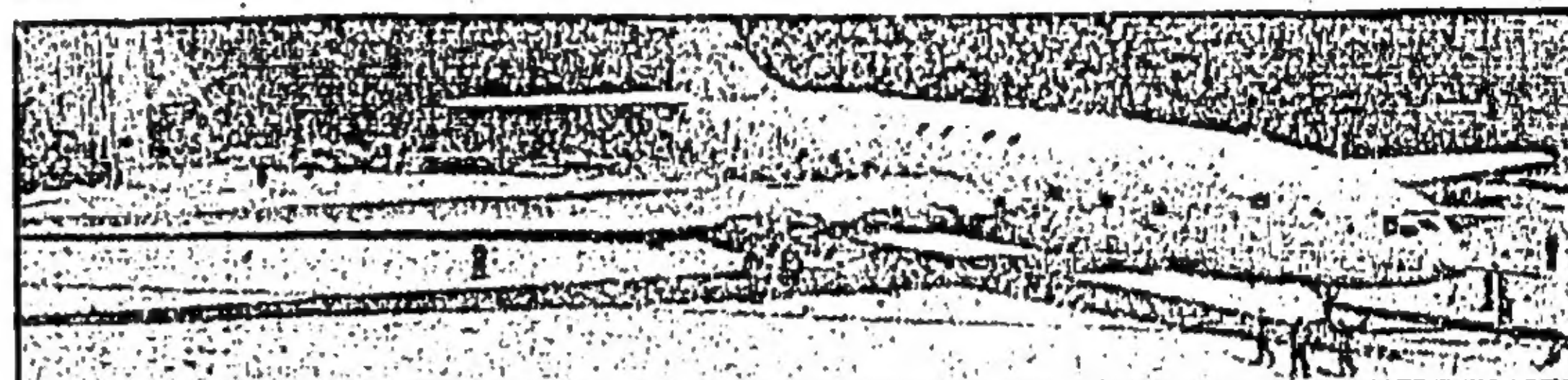
COMMENCING TO-MORROW: **"RAMROD"**

SHOWING TO-DAY **Cathay** AT 2.30, 5.30, 7.30 & 9.30 p.m.

Wanchai Road, Wanchai.
 THE FACE OF FURY! THE PLACE OF EVIL!



Secrets of the world's biggest air liner



BY SQUADRON LEADER W. SIMPSON, D.F.C.

THE giant doors of the largest hangar in the world were opened by the Bristol Aeroplane Company, at Filton, a fortnight ago, and into the open was towed the 130-ton Brabazon I, the largest air-liner yet built.

She will make her maiden flight in November.

Recently at the factory at which she has been built I spent fascinating hours hearing the story of the birth and development of the Brabazon.

I talked in particular with Mr A. E. Russell, the designer, leader of a team of nearly 1,500 men engaged solely on the project.

Mr Russell, now 44, joined the company in 1925.

He told me how, back in 1942, the Bristol Company put to the Air Staff proposals for a giant bomber, almost exactly the same size and shape as the present Brabazon, capable of carrying from 30 to 40 tons of bombs over a still-air range of 5,000 miles.

Project shelved
 AS the course of the war changed, the project was shelved.

Then, when the Brabazon Committee was set up to plan the post-war development of air liners, it asked the company to start preliminary design work in the spring of 1943.

A liner, able to carry a hundred passengers in luxury non-stop over the 3,200 miles between London and New York in about ten hours, was the objective.

The prototype, was called the "Brabazon," in honour of Lord Brabazon, chairman of the committee and holder of Pilot's Licence No 1.

For two years there were discussions as to where the Brabazon should be built. In 1946 it was agreed that Filton—home of the manufacturers of both the engine and the air-frame—was the most suitable place.

An enormous assembly hangar had to be built, and the entire village of Charlton knocked down to make room for a runway.

The vast size of the Brabazon, with its 230ft. of wingspan, and its 177ft. long fuselage, is due to the fact that it had to be built around eight powerful engines in such a way as to ensure the specified range at a high cruising speed.

Engines 'buried'

THE only way to do this was to bury the engines completely within the thickness of the wings.

This meant building wings of unusual thickness and great

span, with a body and tail in proportion. And so an aircraft vastly greater in size than anything attempted before by British industry was born.

This produced problems of design that had never arisen before. Every one of the thousands of component parts of the giant had to be designed for immense strength without too much weight, and tested thoroughly before being brought to final form.

A storm threatened when it was learned in the old village of Charlton, on the edge of the airfield that the houses must disappear in order that the runway could be made.

But in the end the Bristol Company bought the extra land it needed, knocked down the 30 houses, cut through the £200,000 Gloucester by-pass road, rehoused the villagers at Patch way—all with hardly any serious opposition.

Farms disappeared

TEN farms disappeared completely as well as the 17th and 18th century cottages, the village inn, hall and post office.

Charlton will go down in history as the first village of Britain ever to be blotted out in favour of an airfield.

The special runway meant excavating 250,000,000 tons of earth and using 250,000 tons of filling costing about £6,000,000.

All kinds of special tools and equipment had to be evolved for the steady development of the Brabazon.

One was a special stress and strain model of the main members of the aircraft, linked together and suspended from balances, on to which weights could be placed at various positions to represent the different kinds of loads the aircraft would carry.

This whole arrangement was made to shudder violently and the reactions of the skeleton model recorded and compared.

Testing tent

ELSEWHERE at Bristol there is a great green canvas tent which contains the nose structure of the Brabazon.

This is the testing place of the pressurisation equipment that guarantees normal conditions in the cabin when the air outside is cold, thin, and deficient in oxygen.

Into this air is pumped at three or more times the pressure normally required, and a watchful eye is cocked for popping rivets.

There are roughly 1,500,000 rivets to pop in the Brabazon, arranged in rows totalling 11 miles long, holding together 20,000 square feet of sheet duralumin rolled out in special lengths, covering the body and wings.

Some idea of the care that has to be taken all over the giant can be gauged from the fact that allowance is made for a 4½-inch expansion and contraction of the 177-foot long fuselage at the temperature ranges it will meet in flight; and that the pressurisation requirements only allow a leakage equivalent to one pennyworth of gas per square inch.

Weights 290,000 lb.

BUT all figures connected with the Brabazon are fantastic. Let me quote a few more:—

Wing area 5,317 square feet. Diameter of fuselage 10ft. 9ins. (comparable to a London tube tunnel).

Span of tail plane 75ft., height above rudder 50ft. Maximum thickness of wing 6ft. 6ins.

All out weight 290,000lb. Engines, eight of more than 2,500 h.p. each coupled together in pairs. Full fuel load 30,000 gallons. Capacity of fuselage 25,000 cubic feet.

Inside there are nearly 50 miles of electric cable carrying a 200 volt A.C. main supply through the aircraft, and almost as many miles of pipes full of fuel under hydraulic pressure, used to work the units that raise and lower the wheels and operate the controls.

Do The Guilty Escape?

OES our system of dealing with those suspected of crime offer undue chances that the guilty may be acquitted?

This is a question that needs to be faced at the present time. For there is such an increase in crime that, not only are our prisons full, but cells have to be shared—a bad state of affairs.

As a nation we are justifiably proud that our system of trial makes the conviction of the innocent extremely unlikely. But is our system doing all that can reasonably be expected to convict the guilty?

After 15 years' practical experience, I unhesitatingly say NO. I have reluctantly come to believe that those responsible for prosecutions are unduly hampered, with the result that either guilty people are not charged, or, if charged, too many of the guilty are acquitted.

I would cite as an example the Judges' Rules that were drafted in 1912 as a guide to the police in their handling of suspects. These Rules have been enlarged since that date, and in their present form they must be difficult to enforce. Thus the Rules prevent the cross-examination of a suspect when the police have made up their mind to bring a charge. There is much reason in this. The suspect has at this stage to be cautioned that he is not obliged to say anything, and that what he says may be given in evidence at his trial. But until this stage is reached "there is no objection" to a police officer "putting questions."

That the police have been able to carry out these orders is a great tribute to their common sense. But to me it has long seemed strange that this Rule has caused so little trouble.

by CLAUD MULLINS

THE CAUTION

As an individual, and not as a magistrate, I once knew of a case where a crime had been committed in a village by a man who had with him a dog of a somewhat rare breed. Which side of the line was the question whether the suspect had a dog of this kind? The moment that the police knew that the suspected man had such a dog, as they had believed, a charge was sure to be made, as in fact it was.

The man was in fact charged, convicted, and punished, but whether he was cautioned before this question about the dog was put, I do not know. Nor do I know whether by the Judges' Rules a caution should have been given.

Another point is that if a suspect "wishes" to volunteer any statement, the usual caution should be administered.

This is the most doubtful of all the nine rules. If a man is about to admit his offence and to explain the circumstances in which it was committed, the caution should not be permitted to do so, without any warning from the police? The caution, often administered as soon as a suspect begins to talk, is apt to cause him to be silent.

I doubt whether this rule is wise or necessary. If a man is guilty and wants to say so, why prevent him?

DANGER TO PUBLIC

Great importance is attached to this Rule by defending barristers and solicitors.

When at a trial the police begin to give in evidence the words spoken by the defendant, defending counsel sometimes rises to object to this evidence. The jury is sent out of court, and the question whether a caution was given by the police at the right time is tried before the judge alone. But, in my view, the time is overdue when the necessity for this caution should be investigated.

No one wishes to lower the standards of English Justice. But an examination of some of these Judges' Rules is urgent. Failure to charge a guilty person constitutes a danger to the public. Such an offender may thus come to believe that he need have no fear of the police. To let a man go further crimes and further suffering by innocent people.

Any Welshmen In The House?

By J. W. TAYLOR

CELIC national fervour has been raised to new heights in re-stating the New Zealand claim that the noted Welsh "Llanfair P.G." place-name is not as long as their "Taumatawhakaitetere," which refers to a small hill near the township of Porongahau, Hawke's Bay.

The New Zealanders say that the hill formerly had a 28-letter Maori name, but that 29 more letters have been added to it in an award by their Geographic Board, which beats the best Wales can do. Indeed to goodness, they claim this to be the longest place-name in the world. Here is the new Maori mouthful that resembles what came out of the linotype machine after the office cat had run over the keys:

TAUMATAWHAKAITANGIHANGAKOAUAUOTAMATEAPOKAIWIHENUAKITANATAHU.

Perhaps you would care to compare it to the noted phonetic exercise necessary to name the North Wales village, commonly abbreviated (mercifully, we think) to "Llanfair P.G." Spelled out it reads—well, judge for yourselves:

LLANFAIRPWLLGWYNGYLLGO-GARYCHWYRDROBWLLLLANT-YSLIOGOGOGOG.

And people who ought to know say that it means:

Church - of - St-Mary-in-a-hollow - of - white - hazel - near - a - rapid - whirlpool-and-near-to - St Tysilio's Church-near-a-red-cave.

Now, the Welsh go busy on their comptometers and rejoice to find the Maori name a mere 57 letters, compared to the 58 in the "Llanfair-whats-its-name." But the New Zealanders made exhaustive surveys of Welsh lore and came to the conclusion that one "G" and one "O" about a third the way from the beginning of the Welsh name were superfluous. These, they claimed, should by rights be eliminated, thus saving their Maori misperceptions of tonorial acrobatics the title of the world's longest name-place, so long held by the Welsh.

All this came out after we had wrestled for what seemed hours in our pronunciation efforts to get a phone call through to a Welsh correspondent and we were only connected just before our tongue was curling round the Adam's Apple for the last time. He is called Evans.

For once we found Evans inarticulate when we questioned him in our best Welsh accent about the New Zealand claim. Indeed, to goodness, he was so scandalized that he could not utter little beyond a series of high-pitched "indeed-to-goodnesses."

We did gather from Evans, who simply dived in Welsh lore, that history of the language had long since proved that every letter in the Welsh name-place (see above) was justified and necessary—long before the Maori tongue-twister (see also above) became in the first place, a mere 28-letter word a Welsh child would normally mouth in babyhood.

"LLANFAIR P.G."... or... "TAUMATAWHAK-eteclera!"

We take no sides, but merely pass it to you.

NANCY New-Found Privacy



Elaborate Hoax Spirits Planes Out Of England

London, Sept. 9.—The Ministry of Civil Aviation disclosed today that a Mosquito fighter bomber was "missing" from Britain, thus bringing to five the total number of former British war planes believed to have been spirited out of the country without official permission.

The disappearance of four Beaufighters by means of an elaborate hoax was revealed in London yesterday. It was believed that the planes may have been flown to Palestine.

Admiral Boyd Leaves HK

THIS MORNING'S CEREMONY

With the usual precision and attention to details always associated with operations directed by the Royal Navy, a farewell parade to Admiral Sir Denis Boyd, KCB, CBE, DSC, was held yesterday morning on the Hongkong Cricket Club ground.

Taking part were three detachments—each about 50 strong—representing the Navy, Army and Air Force. The military contingent was drawn from the 2nd Battalion The Buffs, which also paraded in the regimental colours and band. In charge of the parade was Lt-Gen G. H. Reynolds, R.N.

Assembling on Murray Parade Ground at 10.15, the units marched down Garden Road, arriving on the cricket ground at 10.45. At 11 a.m. Admiral Boyd, accompanied by his Flag Lieutenant, walked down the steps of the Cricket Club, on which were seated a large number of high-ranking officers of the three services, together with their wives and families.

COLOURFUL SCENE

A relentless September sun shone mercilessly down on the troops, drawn up in two ranks facing the Cricket Club. The brilliant sunshine made the scene, already colourful, still more so. The white uniforms of the Royal Navy and the Buffs Band, the dark green of the soldiers, and the light khaki of the RAF, with a brighter spot of colour provided by the regimental colours, stood out well against the emerald green of the Cricket Ground turf.

Prominent among the official guests were Major-General Matthews, GOC, and Mrs Matthews, Air Commodore S.N. Webster, AOC, and Mrs Webster, Rear Admiral and Mrs Oliver, Rear Admiral and Mrs Madden, Brigadier Skene, Lt-Col. Parry, Lt-Col. Lamont, Lt-Col. Vickers, Lt-Col. and Mrs Alexander, Group Capt. Jefferson, Capt. Robertson, RM, Capt. Farquhar, RN, Commodore Robertson, Cdr. Smeaton, RN, Cdr. Aubrey, RN, and Surgeon Capt. D'Arcy, RN.

After he had inspected the parade, Admiral Boyd took the salute at a man-of-war, after which the detachments left the Cricket Ground through the three main gates.

The Admiral was then the guest of Lt-Col. Owen Hughes, President of the Cricket Club, until he left at 11.45 a.m. for Queen's Pier.

AT QUEEN'S PIER

A small crowd of curious loiterers thronged the approaches to Queen's Pier at 11.30 a.m., sensing, as all Chinese immediately do, that something different was afoot.

The arrival of Military Police, followed by Services officers and their wives, who had attended the parade on the HKCC ground, brought more sightseers.

At the foot of Queen's Pier steps a rating from HMS Alert held a white banner with an extended motto. This was the craft in which the C-in-C would be rowed to Alert by five senior Royal Naval officers.

Actually, Alert lay alongside the quay at HMS Dockyard, so Admiral Boyd's method of departure was a formal gesture on behalf of the British Pacific Fleet, to which he may not return in Hongkong.

At 11.40 the senior officers who were to act as the whaler's crew arrived at Queen's Pier. They took their places in the craft—a group of gold oak-leaved caps, decorations and newly starched whites.

MEASURED STROKES

The officers were: Rear Admiral R. D. Oliver, CB, CBE, DSC; Rear Admiral A. C. G. Madden, CB, CBE; Commodore C. L. Robertson; Commodore B. I. Robertson; CBE; Captain Farquhar, DSO.

Promptly at 11.45, the C-in-C took his place in the whaler. With slow, measured strokes of their oars, the officers rowed the C-in-C across the 250-yards stretch of water separating whaler and sloop.

A nice touch of Chinese festivity occurred when the Admiral's passage was hailed with a spluttering cascade of fire-crackers from a sampan. The C-in-C boarded Alert, where he received many guests invited to a farewell reception held by him and Lady Boyd.

A Ministry spokesman said that the Mosquito plane was reported to have "disappeared" on July 5, after it had taken off from Cambridge on a flight to Exeter and did not land at its destination. The aircraft had no certificate of airworthiness, and special permission was granted by the Ministry of Civil Aviation for the plane to make what was represented to be a "delivery flight" on July 5.

The Ministry of Civil Aviation said today that the Mosquito now reported missing was sold by the Ministry of Supply to a concern known as V.I.P. Services, and resold by them to a Mr White.

FILM COMPANY CLAIM

A famous wartime British bomber pilot, holder of the Victoria Cross, was alleged to have been instrumental in establishing the V.I.P. Services. A Ministry of Supply spokesman stated that this pilot had been concerned in the sale of two Mosquitos by the Ministry in October, 1946.

Scotland Yard have asked the Continental police to help in tracing the missing planes. An official of the Buckinghamshire Airfield from which the Beaufighters disappeared said that they were bought by a "man of about 30" with a large handlebar moustache, who said that he was acting on behalf of a private film company.

Every day for a week afterwards a concourse of men and women "extras" with camera equipment, arrived at the airfield and the four Beaufighters were taxied about while films appeared to be taken.

An official of an air charter firm, through which the Beaufighters were bought, said that the man with the handlebar moustache went to his office and produced £15,000 in £5 notes, which he "spilled" on the desk in payment.

BELONGED TO V.C.

The missing Mosquito formerly belonged to Group Captain Cheshire V.C., who told Reuter tonight that he bought two Mosquito planes in 1940, but the Ministry of Civil Aviation would not issue certificates of airworthiness for them.

On May 30, he said, his lawyers were approached by a Mr Harold White, of Dolphin Square, Westminster, who offered £2,000 for the machines. "I accepted to cut my losses and Mr White came to see me about three months ago to get my signature on the registration books. He was in his late 30's and struck me as a very affable and pleasant person. He said that he wanted the machine for high level photographic research."—Reuter.

Former H.K. Nursing Sisters Honoured

Of six nursing sisters of the Queen Alexandra Royal Naval Nursing Service who have been invited by Copenhagen authorities to study nursing in Denmark, two formerly served in Hongkong.

They are Miss I. A. C. Rollin and Miss G. M. Griffith. They were nursing sisters in Hongkong when the Japanese attacked in 1941, and were subsequently prisoners of war here.

Miss Rollin has since been serving at the Royal Naval Hospital at Haslar, Gosport, and Miss Griffith at Dartmouth.

The six sisters who have left for Denmark were chosen by the Admiralty, and they are led by Miss K. Baker, Matron at Haslar. The three others are Miss P. L. Shipdon, of Plymouth, Miss G. M. Arthur of Chatham, and Miss M. E. Myers.

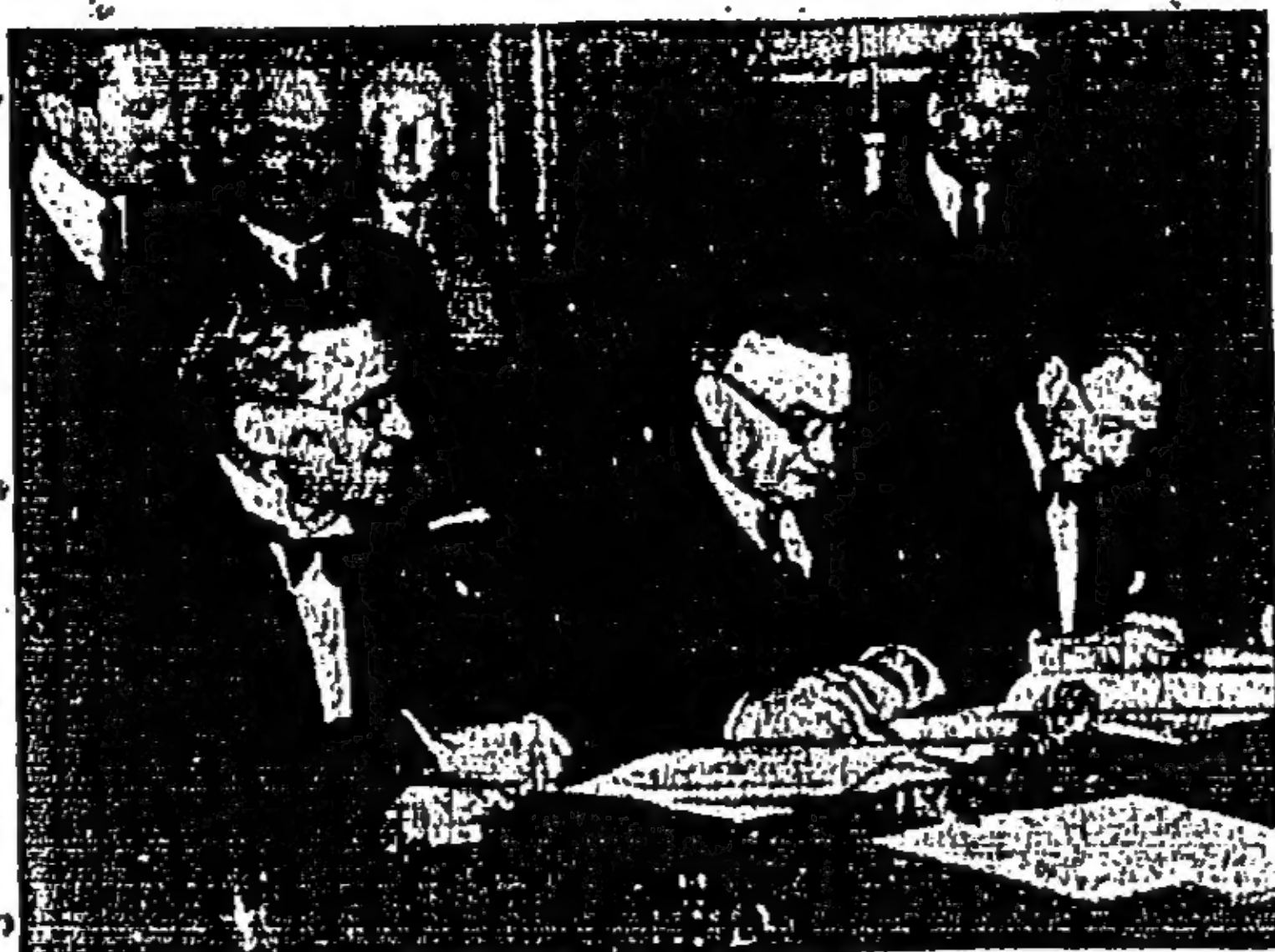
Hukbalahap-Constabulary Clashes In Luzon

Manila, Sept. 10.—Press reports from Central Luzon said today that a total of 45 people were killed, including nine civilians, in a series of Hukbalahap-Constabulary clashes in Nueva Ecija and Tarlac Provinces.

Reports indicated that all four Constabulary Provincial Commanders in Pampanga, Tarlac, Bulacan and Nueva Ecija—with a total of 22 Constabulary Companies—had taken to the field. In one engagement in Tarlac, 15 Huk and nine others—all women and children—were reported killed. The women and children were said to have been taken to the crossroads.

The reports did not mention Constabulary casualties. Seven Constabulary companies were reportedly thrown against Huk concentrations in Nueva Ecija. Six companies were reported to be bearing down

AID AGREEMENT SIGNED IN LONDON



Mr Ernest Bevin, Great Britain's Foreign Secretary, and Mr Lewis Douglas, United States Ambassador to Britain, recently signed the European Recovery programme Bi-Lateral agreement between the United States and the United Kingdom. This picture shows (left to right seated): Sir Stafford Cripps, Chancellor of the Exchequer, watching Mr Ernest Bevin and Mr Lewis Douglas sign the agreement at the Foreign Office, London. Seen standing behind Sir Stafford Cripps is Mr Harold Wilson, President of the Board of Trade.

FATHER WHIPS HIS DAUGHTER'S LOVER

Ashford, Sept. 9.—A wealthy City Councillor and company director, Mr Horace Isaac Caro, was committed for trial at Ashford, Kent, today after ten magistrates had heard the story of an alleged whipping he gave to his daughter's lover. The Kent Assize Court will hear the case on November 18.

Caro's counsel had said that his client would elect to go for trial if the magistrates found a prima facie case. A riding whip with leather thong was produced in court.

Life Belts Must Be Accessible

"It is no use having life belts on board if they cannot be got at immediately. It is very important that life belts and fire extinguishers be available for use immediately. If they are wanted at all, they are usually wanted in a hurry," Mr Cairns told junk-owner, Wong Ming-yu, at the Marine Court today.

Wong pleaded not guilty to having insufficient fire extinguishers and life-saving equipment on his motor junk, Yu Lam. He said he had 40 life belts in the crew's quarters. These were hidden beneath a cargo of pigs, but could be got out in a matter of five minutes, if necessary. He had two fire-extinguishers in the engine room, one of which he showed Sub-Inspector Nemeroff when the latter intercepted his junk. Before he could show the other extinguisher, the Sub-Inspector arrested him. On the deck were two extinguishers, which had been emptied in Tsam Kwong, because the chemical was too old to be effective.

EMPTY EXTINGUISHERS

Sub-Inspector Nemeroff said the boat was in Belchers Bay, yesterday afternoon, having just arrived from Tsam Kwong. There were only one good fire-extinguisher and two empty ones. The licence stipulated that the boat should carry four extinguishers and 35 life belts. The accused said the life belts were under some cargo and could not be produced. There were 22 persons on board. The licence allowed for a crew of 16 and 12 passengers.

Mr Cairns found Wong guilty and imposed a fine of \$200.

Mr Brett, Senior Licensing Marine Officer, stated that the junk would have to be surveyed before it could leave the Colony.

Another Arrest In Shanghai

Shanghai, Sept. 10.—Mr Ling Chang-chun, the assistant manager of Kwang Hua Hong, whose head office is in Singapore, was arrested by the economic police yesterday during a raid on the firm's premises, according to press reports today.

The police also seized books of the firm and a small quantity of gold bullion. The North China Daily news said that Mr Ling Tung-jen, manager of the Hongkong office, who has left Shanghai is alleged to be involved in the Yung Hung-yuan case.

Yung, manager of the Sung Sing Cotton Mills and a cotton and flour magnate, is being detained by a special tribunal, on suspicion of having dealt in black-market Hong-kong remittances and the hoarding of cotton yarn.—Reuter.

The Taxicab Drivers' Dispute

Negotiations in the dispute between the Colony's taxicab drivers and employers continued this morning in Major Hector Chauvin's office, with the assistant Labour Officer acting as mediator.

Counter-proposals made by the taxi companies were presented to the men's representatives, but after prolonged discussions the conference was adjourned without any decision being reached.

It was intimated that another meeting would be held next week.

BURMESE RETAKE PROME

Rangoon, Sept. 9.—Burmese Government troops have recaptured from the Communist-led insurgents the strategic rail and river town of Promé, northwest of Rangoon, a Government communique announced tonight.

The loss of Promé is a major setback to the Communists as it was the biggest town ever held by them for any length of time and one of the main centres of their Communist administration in Burma.

Government forces recaptured the town at noon today. Since its occupation by insurgent forces on August 10, Promé has been one of the Government's main objectives.

Its recapture gives the Government virtual control of the main railways from Rangoon into Central Burma, and will considerably facilitate the movement of troops to the fighting fronts, and will enable rice to be shipped into the interior from the capital.

A complete news blackout surrounded the details of the offensive until the last few days.

REPORTED CLASHES

The Government communique reported a small-scale action at Alammye, on the opposite bank of the Irrawaddy from Thayemye, 35 miles north of Promé, in which three insurgents were killed.

Clashes between Government and insurgent troops were also reported in the Toungoo area between Rangoon and Mandalay, and at two points in the Irrawaddy Delta area.

Two hundred armed bandits took part in a midnight attack on the Rangoon suburb of Kemmendine, British sources in the area reported today. The first objective of the raiders, who approached by river in several parties, was the local headquarters of the People's Volunteer Organisation—still loyal to the Government.

When their demand for ammunition was met with resistance, firing started, the noise of which was clearly audible in the British Club near the centre of Rangoon. The attackers shot a Burmese sub-agent of the Burma Oil Company, looted several houses in the neighbourhood and departed with large sums in cash and jewellery on the arrival of motorised police.—Reuter.

Britain And Colonies

OPPOSITION TO INDIAN PLAN

Geneva, Sept. 9.—Saying that "Britain will not accept any international control over her colonies. The people of the colonies themselves would bitterly resent it," Britain today opposed the Indian plan for increasing the United Nations supervision of colonial administration.

Britain's representative, Mr Fletcher-Cooke said the United Nations Charter made no provision for the interposition of an international political body between the British Government and the colonial people.

"The Charter clearly accepts the principle that metropolitan powers are exclusively responsible for the administration of their colonial territories," he asserted. "The British Government do not therefore regard themselves as accountable to any organ of the United Nations for the administration of these territories."

Saying that he was not a prisoner in a dock, Mr Fletcher-Cooke added: "If I have in earlier debates answered some of the charges made by the Soviet delegate it is because the British Government do not want such malicious statements to stand unchallenged."

The United Nations Committee discussing the future of non-self-governing territories is expected to vote tomorrow on the Indian proposals.—Reuter.

20 GOLD YUAN FOR TRAVELLERS

Shanghai, Sept. 10.—The Ministry of Finance yesterday announced that travellers entering or leaving China are not allowed to carry more than 20 gold yuan.

Chinese currency funds exceeding that amount will be confiscated. The restriction does not apply to those who hold a licence from the Ministry permitting them to carry larger amounts.—Reuter.

FASTER THAN SOUND AIRCRAFT

(Continued from Page 1)

The speculation then was that he had hit the "wall" into which air was believed to compress itself at the speed of sound.

Today's news suggest that either the "wall" does not exist, or a solid form or the ways have been discovered of piercing it.

Mr John Derry, 26-year old test pilot, flew for the Royal Air Force during the war. Last March, he broke the world speed record for the 100-kilometres closed circuit by flying a DH 108 at an average speed of 695 miles per hour.—Reuter.

LEE THEATRE

ADVANCE BOOKING OFFICE: MOUTRIE & CO., LTD.
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"PURSUED"
Added: LATEST GAUMONT BRITISH NEWS—
THE FOOTBALL SEASON OPENS.
COLOGNE CATHEDRAL CELEBRATIONS.

SHOWING TO-DAY **KINGS** AIR-CONDITIONED At 1.45, 4.30, 7.10 & 9.45 P.M.

WORLD PREMIERE OF THE SUPER-COLOSSAL CHINESE PRODUCTION

"THE SOUL OF CHINA"

A YANG HWA PICTURE — DIALOGUE IN MANDARIN

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THE FUNNIEST PICTURE EVER SET TO MUSIC!
Fred MacMURRAY-LESLIE HAVER
"WHERE DO WE GO FROM HERE?"
Directed by GREGORY RATOFF Produced by WILLIAM PERLBERG
Screen Play by MORRIS RYSKIND
Lyrics and Music by Leo Carlin and Kurt Weill

Earth Tremors Cause Casualties

Shanghai, Sept. 10.—Intermittent earth tremors in Lihun district of Szechwan Province, which borders Tibet, between May and mid-August have caused an estimated 1,000 casualties and heavy property damage, according to the official Central News Agency.

The report gives no further details but added that geologists have been invited by the district authorities to ascertain the causes of the earthquakes which were of unusually long duration.

Lihun is situated in the south-western part of the province.—Reuter.

Thrifty Britons

London, Sept. 9.—Savings of some kind are possessed by 80 per cent of the adult population of England and Wales, according to a survey conducted for the National Savings Committee by Social Surveys Limited.

The survey was based on 2,000 interviews among people of all ages, incomes and occupations in 67 localities.

The report issued today states that 47 per cent of the adults agreed the main reason for the fall in the level of National Savings is the cost of living. Another 14 per cent mentioned inadequate income while only four per cent mentioned Government sentiment.—Reuter.

YORKSHIRE HONOURS DON BRADMAN

Scarborough, Sept. 9.—With Ray Lindwall taking six wickets for 59, the Australians dismissed H. D. Leveson Gower's XI for 177 runs on the second day of their last cricket match in England, and by the close of play the tourists had put on 140 for the loss of one wicket.

Ten thousand people waited for the rain to cease and it was possible to start almost as soon as that happened, but it was a tragic beginning for Leveson Gower's XI as two wickets fell without addition to the overnight score.

First, Flashlock skied the third ball for Harvey to make a catch and so ended a partnership which added 69 and then Donnelly was caught in the slips.

Yardley played the bowling confidently, but it was Robins who hit the first runs today with a six to leg, which sent up the hundred. At 113, however, Robins was clean bowled when playing forward and at 121 two more wickets fell.

Brown played a bumper into the slips and Evans had his off-stump knocked back in the same over from Lindwall.

Just when Yardley seemed likely to be the side's top scorer he was clean bowled and Laker fell to a Johnson catch off Lindwall before lunch when nine wickets were down for 170.

After luncheon Pritchard drove Lindwall for two and Bedser cut him late to the boundary, but was clean bowled next ball and the innings closed for 177. Bedser was loudly cheered for his valuable 23 runs.

The crowd was estimated at 25,000 when the Australians batted in bright sunshine. Kept comparatively dry by being carefully covered, the pitch did not become difficult, and Barnes and Morris scored freely. Morris twice hit Pritchard over the left boundary and at tea the score was 66 for no wicket.

HONOUR FOR DON

During the lunch interval Don Bradman was made a life honorary member of the Yorkshire Club in recognition of his wonderful batting performances for Australian teams on the Leeds ground, and was presented with a silver silver inscribed with his scores in the four Test matches on the Headingley ground, Leeds.

Under ideal batting conditions, Morris scored 62 out of 102 in 95 minutes before being bowled by Yardley, the sixth bowler tried by Robins. He hit two sixes and five fours.

Bradman, applauded all the way to the wicket, at once attacked the bowling, and while Barnes kept on the defensive the Australian captain scored 30 out of 47 in 36 minutes.

CARPENTIER EXPRESSES AN OPINION CERDAN AT THE PEAK OF HIS FIGHTING CAREER

New York, Sept. 10.—Georges Carpentier, former light-heavyweight champion who fought Jack Dempsey for the world heavyweight championship 27 years ago, on Thursday pronounced Marcel Cerdan at the peak of his fighting career but would not predict the outcome of Cerdan's title fight with Tony Zale.

Carpentier, who came to America to see Cerdan fight Zale for the middleweight crown on Sept. 21 in Jersey City, told reporters he believed Cerdan was capable of winning but added that he had not seen him in action and therefore would not predict the winner.

Asked if he believed Cerdan was beyond his fighting best on account of age, Carpentier replied: "I think he is just there. I think now he is at his best."

Carpentier will visit Cerdan's training camp on Friday to box with him.

Meanwhile, Zale arrived in New York to complete his training.

TO DO RADIO SHOW
Georges Carpentier, who is in America to see the Zale-Cerdan fight, said that he would go to

PREPPING FOR LESNEVICH



Tousled Freddie Mills gets in some hard training at his camp near Dorking, Surrey, for his return title bout with Gus Lesnevich.

BRENDA POSES AT EMPIRE POOL



Andrew Gaza, famed French swimming coach and cartoonist, sketches America's free-style star, Brenda Helsler at the Empire Pool. Gaza coached the French divers at the Games.

Some Golfing Flukes

By ARTHUR DALEY

This reporter whipped out a few golf books and discovered what a vast number of freak shots the divot-diggers unfold year after year. It doesn't seem to matter particularly whether it's star or duffer who is involved. There always are so many oddities that the old golf guides used to list them under the heading of "Unusual Incidents."

The classic one, of course, and it's repeated with monotonous regularity, is the "double birdie."

You read about that shot every year. A golfer laces into the ball and in mid-air it strikes a swallow, jaybird or some other of our feathered friends.

Then the club-swinging always seems to score a birdie on that very hole. It doesn't appear quite logical but it happens—two birdies, so to speak, on the same hole.

Birds, however, aren't the only things that fly. Quite a few years ago a Los Angeles doctor pitched loftily and deftly to the green. And along came a low-flying aeroplane. The ball landed in the cockpit and that was the last he ever saw of it. The links clubhouse ruled that it had lodged "in a moving object" and therefore the golfer was permitted to drop another ball without penalty.

STRANGE RESULTS

Even the legal dropping of another ball can produce strange results. A British golfer overshot the green slightly with his drive, the ball rolling up a sloping embankment just beyond the green, and coming to rest in a rabbit hole.

Local rules permitted the ball to be picked up and dropped without penalty. So the son of John Bull dropped it blindly over his shoulder. The ball promptly trickled down the embankment and rolled into the cup for "what had" to be scored as a hole-in-one.

There is more than one way or skinning a cat, however, and more than one way to enter golfdom's Holy of Holies, the ace category.

A golfer in Oregon got himself a perfectly horrendous drive on a 225-yarder. The ball scooted across the sun-baked ground, blithely caroming from hazard to hazard until it stopped on the very lip of the cup.

When his opponent attempted to sink a long putt, he nudged in the other ball for a hole-in-one.

NOT ONLY DUFFERS

Duffers aren't the only fellows to be involved in freaks. In the Texas Open a couple of years ago Mike Turnesa was putting from 12 feet away for an eagle 3. In the next threesome was Jimmy Demaret, bogged down in a trap 250 yards from the green and in hopeless position. So he shot a split second before Turnesa putted. Mike's ball curved unerringly for the cup.

Up on the green spun Jimmy's ball. It hit Mike's, knocked it far off its course and halted three feet from the hole. Demaret wound up with an unexpected eagle himself, Turnesa with only a nasty birdie.

Polly Riley lost out in the Women's Western Amateur Championship last year by a 1-up margin. She supplied that margin. On the 10th green she needed to putt an 8-footer while Mary McMillin's ball rested eight inches from the cup.

Her tap, off line all the way, sent Miss McMillin's white pill dipping into the hole for an eagle and a 1-up lead. They halved the next two holes.

NOT IN A LIFETIME

Most golfers will spend a lifetime on the links without ever scoring an ace. What makes this all the more aggravating is the fact that more than one novice, playing the first round of his career, has plunked in a hole-in-one.

Most annoying of these incidents, obviously enough, happens when ever a chap steps on a tee for the first time, whisks in an ace and remarks condescendingly, "What's so tough about this game?" Belling in oil is much too good for fellows like that.

The part that Jack plays in this "unlucky game" is beyond belief. There was a college golfer who once made an extraordinary par 4. He sliced his tee shot and it bounced

back off a tree on to the fairway. His second effort, an iron, flashed through the branches of another tree, beyond the green. His third ricocheted off a stone, bounced off still another tree and came to rest behind a sapling on the edge of the green.

Using a putter, he grazed the sapling with his ball and turned it in. Four shots made, four trees hit, and par 4.

THE FAMOUS GRAND SLAM

Even the famous Grand Slam that Bobby Jones achieved in 1930 was not without some helpful freak shots. The blow that won the National Open for him that year was personally escorted by Lady Luck.

He fired a blast across a pond and the low-flying shot skipped across the waters in the fashion of a small boy skipping a stone. It could just as easily have sunk below the waves and there would have been no Grand Slam.

Ed Dudley lost a P. G. A. championship through a fluke. He had Sammy Sneed on the run in their match and Dudley's drive was a majestic one.

It soared so far down the fairway that it plummeted among spectators who thought they were out of range. Invariably fans will duck instinctively instead of watching the flight of the ball. The ball dropped among scrambling bystanders, smacked one lad on the noggin and caromed behind a tree off the fairway into an unplayable lie. Eventually it cost him the match.

Golf can be a very distressing game. Fore! From the New York Times.

IRISH AMATEUR FINAL

Belfast, Sept. 10.—Joe Carr and Cecil Ewing, two Irish Walker Cup players, qualified on Thursday for the finals of the Irish Open Amateur Golf Championship.

Carr beat John FitzSimmons three and two and Ewing eliminated J. Neale five and four.

The finals on Friday will be over 36 holes.—Associated Press.

RAF CHAMPION
London, Sept. 10.—John Niven, Flight-Lieutenant from Scotland, won the Royal Air Force golf championship on Thursday at Virginia Water, Surrey, beating Corporal Sydney Ball of Cheshire five and three in a 36-hole final.—Associated Press.

Swiss For New York Cycling Races

Zurich, Sept. 9.—Swiss bicycle racers, after an interval of several years, will shortly proceed to the United States to participate in the six-day cycle races.

H. Koblet, Swiss pursuit race champion, who was fourth in the recent world championships and W. Diggelmann, former Swiss champion motor-pace racer, plan to compete their first race in New York on October 5.

They also plan to participate in the six-day events in Ohio, Buffalo, Cleveland and Chicago.

The Koblet-Diggelmann team is confident that it can produce successful form against the United States cycle racing stars.—United Press.

PHOTO FINISH

Doncaster, Sept. 9.—Mrs Alec Johnston's Aurilla won the Doncaster Cup here this afternoon after a photo finish, with Mr. M. A. Everitt's No Orchids second. Sir Humphrey de Trafford's La Fontaine was third.—Reuter.

BASEBALL

ROOF FALLS IN ON THE N.Y. YANKEES

New York, Sept. 9.—The roof fell in on New York Yankees today when Boston Red Sox poured across eight runs in the third inning for a 9-4 victory, stretching their American League lead to three and a half games. By defeating second-place New Yorkers, Red Sox won their 24th game in the last 28 starts.

Boston, as a result of two unearned Yankee runs, was leading 3-0 in the third. Bob Porterfield got the first man out, but then walked the next three batters to fill the bases.

Ted Williams' single scored two runs and Vern Stephens tied the game with a single to left field. Wally Niese's double tallied Williams and Tommy Byrne replaced Porterfield.

Two more walks forced in another run and a double by Bill Hitchcock tallied two more. Kinder was credited with his eighth victory and Porterfield charged with his second loss.

PIRATES WIN

Pittsburgh won its fifth victory in a row with a 6-1 decision over Cincinnati Reds. Sporting a 1-0 lead until the sixth inning, redleg manager Ducky Walters, who was seeding the 1935th victory of his career, loaded the bags then forced a run by walking Danny Murtaugh.

Ralph Kiner scored on a pass ball and Virgil Stillecup brought home another run. Pirates added two more runs in the seventh and one more in the eighth.

THE SCORES

AMERICAN LEAGUE

	R	H	E
New York	4	8	0
Boston	9	9	3
St. Louis	5	11	0
Chicago	2	10	1

St. Louis (nightcap)	4	7	1
Chicago	2	8	1

NATIONAL LEAGUE

Pittsburgh	0	8	0
Cincinnati	1	8	2

—United Press.

Football Rules Develop Slowly

Only once have the football legislators called an emergency meeting to amend a rule that they themselves had drafted. That happened soon after the old corner-kick rule was altered to allow goals to be scored direct from the flag, only one player noticed that the new rule unintentionally omitted a very vital part of the old.

That player was Sam Chedzoy, the old Everton outside right. Next time he had to take a corner he waited for the whistle and then began to dribble the ball towards the goal. Referee and crowd gasped in amazement and only just in the nick of time did the official stop play.

"You can't do that," he said. "Can't I?" replied Chedzoy. "You look at the new rule. They've forgotten to include the part that bars us kicking the ball twice in succession when taking a corner."

In most cases, however, soccer rules are never altered until some new development makes amendment absolutely necessary. The offside rule is a case in point.

Under the old regulation an attacker had to have three opponents between himself and goal when the ball was played to him.

Brainy Bill McCracken, Newcastle United's famous fullback, noticed its possibilities and frustrated hundreds of dangerous attacks by moving a few yards forward, leaving unwary attackers offside as they received the ball.

As other players copied him games became more like whistle solos by the referee and at last the rule was given its present form.

Some alterations have been rendered useless by players' ingenuity. Years ago players were allowed to throw in with one hand and Wilson, of Sheffield Wednesday, was so expert at this that his throws were almost as long and accurate as some players' kicks.

To counteract this the two-handed throw, in which the ball is brought well behind the head, was substituted. Then Sam Weaver cultivated the art of throwing the ball from the touchline into the centre of the field and others imitated him so that an alternative rule brought about little or no change.

Today a footballer who has been carried off the field injured may not return until the referee has signalled his permission.

Quite often that player's side is handicapped if the referee does not realise that he is ready to resume, yet the reason for the rule governing a player's return is quite fair and the opportunity of one man is probably responsible for its introduction.

Years ago in a Cup Final Dicky Downs, of Barnsley, retired behind his side's goal to repair an injury to his boot.

As he stood in his stockings feet the opposing forwards swept down the field. As the ball was kicked for what seemed to be a certain goal Downs broke away from the trainer who was helping him and made an amazing clearance with his bootless foot!

His action was perfectly legitimate then but led to the adoption of the present practice.

TURKISH STAR



Unet Teoman surprised everyone in Ankara when she outpaced even male opposition in the sprints. Reported to have run the 100 metres in 12 seconds, she was Turkey's lone feminine entrant at the Olympic Games where she didn't do too well against the world's best.

OLYMPIC GAMES

Grudgingly, They Let The Women In

By SYDNEY SKILTON

The vast arena is cleared after yesterday's pageantry and ritual—the lighting of the Olympic beacon; the delivery of the addresses; the pledging of the Olympic oath—and the earliest of the 4,000 competitors from no fewer than 61 nations make their bow.

First athlete to win an Olympic title is a woman, champion of the discus throwers, and as we watch from this press eyrie we wonder what the ancients of the old and original Olympic festivals would have thought of our version in 1948.

Not only is a woman Olympic victor applauded, saluted and garlanded, but she is given pride of place on the Olympic victory roll.

In their day, matters Olympic were so essentially confined to men that ladies were denied admittance even as spectators.

Indeed, the death penalty awaited any woman who so much as crossed the winding Alpheus river to the Olympic meadow in a period just before the Games, while they were in progress, or for a certain period after they ended.

Once, however, a woman did get through. Phereclis was her name, we are told, and wishing to see her son Pelsarodus in action dressed herself as one of the attendants and got into the arena.

But when Pelsarodus triumphed, maternal zeal gave her away and she was hauled up for trial.

At the court special considerations, chiefly because her father and brothers had all been Olympic victors, were taken into account and she was pardoned.

Greek women, of course, had an athletic festival of their own, conducted on Olympic lines and known as the Heraea.

FIRST ADMITTED

The first time women competitors were admitted to the modern Olympic series was when the Greeks first came to London in 1908. The ladies then made their debut in the lawn tennis, archery and skating competitions—three sports in which they had won their way despite the disapproval of the stern Victorians.

When the Games shifted to Stockholm in 1912 only lawn tennis of the initial three was retained but swimming and diving competitions were added.

HOME FOOTBALL

London, Sept. 10.—Results in Wednesday's English League football matches were:

SECOND DIVISION
Queen's Park 0 Cardiff City 0

THIRD DIVISION (Southern)
Notts County 0 Ipswich Town 2
Swansea Town 3 Leyton Orient 1

THIRD DIVISION (Northern)
Hull City 3 Accrington S. 1

RUGBY LEAGUE Lancashire Cup First Round
Widnes 12 Oldham 13

—Associated Press.

FOR YOUR SPARE MOMENTS

SIDE GLANCES

By Galbraith

EXCLUSIVE 'TELEGRAPH' FEATURE

YOUR BIRTHDAY..... By STELLA

FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 10

BORN today, you are the type who is only happy when in a state of perpetual motion. This does not mean muscular activity! You can be as busy as ten men, armed paper hangers with some idea which you are working out. It may not matter whether it is a commercial enterprise or not, just as long as it is something which holds your attention, and keeps your alert, active mind interested.

You must learn to co-ordinate your effort in the world. You are not, by nature, a steady money-maker. You make it in pots—or none at all! If you feel like working, you can labour like a demon. If you don't, you can work just as hard at loafing. Unless you learn to curb impulses, especially in this regard, you will have a strenuous and often difficult life.

The chances are that you may come into some unearned money at

some period in your life. Use this for something important in your life. Affectionate and demonstrative, you can become quite depressed and unhappy if you are too much alone. You prefer loneliness, however, to unengaged companionship. Learn to know yourself; control yourself and you will find life much easier.

In marriage, select someone who is sympathetic to your moods, and can encourage your latent talents.

To find what the stars have in store for tomorrow, select your birthday star and read the corresponding paragraph. Let your birthday star be your daily guide.

SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 11

VIRGO (Aug. 24-Sept. 22)—An unexpected change of affairs must be met with deliberate decision rather than impulse. Calmness counts.

LIBRA (Sept. 23-Oct. 23)—An opportunity to travel may come your way and enliven your interest in a new project. Take full advantage of any opportunity.

SCORPIO (Oct. 24-Nov. 22)—General business affairs continue good, but if travelling by car, observe due caution on the road.

SAGITTARIUS (Nov. 23-Dec. 22)—A sudden change may cause previously made plans to become disrupted. Your duty lies on the homefront.

CAPRICORN (Dec. 23-Jan. 20)—If spending a vacation week-end away from home, be conservative in your expenditures, but still enjoy yourself.

AQUARIUS (Jan. 21-Feb. 19)—This is not your best day! Be cautious and painstaking even in

routine tasks. Avoid new departures.

PISCES (Feb. 20-Mar. 21)—Mixed conditions for you, so be careful. With the proper regard for safety you may, however, make some progress.

ARIES (Mar. 22-Apr. 20)—Matters pick up for you. There is increased activity, especially if you are planning a week-end trip.

TAURUS (Apr. 21-May 21)—Take things a little slowly today. Don't be persuaded against your better judgment to do anything.

GEMINI (May 22-June 21)—No need for worry, even if minor details seem to go haywire. Patience and optimism will straighten out everything.

CANCER (June 22-July 23)—Social events combining patronage of music or the arts are well favoured and should also be a financial success.

LEO (July 24-Aug. 23)—If we have business dealings with elderly persons, then this is a good day to complete arrangements.

SCIENCE AT WORK:

WATCHDOGS AGAINST RADIOACTIVE GAS

By PAUL F. ELLIS

TWO towers, one as high as a 40-story building, are being constructed at Upton, New York, to serve as watchdogs against the threat of radioactive gas.

Both towers, located near the site of the Brookhaven Laboratory and its atomic energy pile, will have numerous levels or platforms, where observers will take readings from instruments indicating wind velocity and direction.

Scientists pointed out that the towers with their meteorological apparatus are being constructed as safety precautions to be used when the atomic pile, or chain-reactor, starts operating this autumn.

The Brookhaven pile will be cooled by air, they explained, with large fans conducting the air away from the pile, through an air duct, and up a 300-foot air-stack on a hill near the pile.

In the air, they further explained, will be minute quantities of radioactive argon, an inert gas, which will be dissipated harmlessly into the upper air.

However, weather conditions might cause the radioactive gas to settle on the ground, causing a threat to personnel. Marine life in the nearby ocean also might be affected.

The idea of the towers is to study the wind velocity and direction, and atmospheric pressure during operation of the pile. By such a study, the pile can be controlled so that air emanating from the stack will not settle on or near the ground.

Precise Information

The Brookhaven scientists said that instruments on the weather tower and elsewhere on and near the laboratory site will give precise information on wind currents, and operation of the reactor will be controlled at low-level or stopped entirely if it appears that radiation from the cooling stack under unfavourable conditions would not be completely harmless.

The tall weather tower also will contain a smokestack which will carry only smoke created for the purpose of studying winds and weather.

However, the equipment, which can produce harmless oil fog smoke—10,000 cubic feet of smoke per minute—may create a small cloud over or around the laboratory, which under ideal weather conditions, might be visible for several miles.

The scientists did not say so, but such a cloud might be used to hide this all-important atomic laboratory in case of attack from sea or air.—United Press.

OUTWARD MAILS

FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 10

Closing Times By Air

Shanghai, Nanking, Hankow, Tientsin, Peking, Swatow, Amoy and Taipei, 3.30 p.m.

Japan (ordinary letters and cards only), 5 p.m.

Closing Times By Sea & Train

Shanghai (Sea) 3 p.m.
Hankow (Sea) 3 p.m.

Formosa via Keelung (Sea) 3 p.m.

Manila (Sea) 3 p.m.

Macao and Tientsin (Sea) 4 p.m.

Kobe (Sea) 5 p.m.

Canton (Parcels & 2nd class mail) (Sea) 5 p.m.

SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 11

Closing Times By Air

Canton, (Kowloon CPO) 7.30 a.m., 10 a.m., 12.30 p.m., 2 p.m., (GPO) 7 a.m., 9.30 a.m., noon, 2.30 p.m.

Shanghai, 9 a.m. (reg); 9.30 a.m. (ord).

Manila, P.I., Honolulu, USA and Canada, 10 a.m.

Amoy, Shanghai, Nanking, Hankow, Tientsin, Peking, Swatow, Amoy and Taipei, 3.30 p.m.

Japan (ordinary letters and cards only) (Sea) 5 p.m.

Macao and Tientsin (Sea) 5.30 p.m.

Canton (2nd class mail only) (Train) 2 p.m.

Shanghai (Sea) 3 p.m.

Swatow (Sea) 2 p.m.

USA, Canada and Central and South America via San Francisco (No Parcels for Canada) (Sea) 3 p.m.

Rabaul, Australia and New Zealand via Sydney, 3 p.m.

Bangkok (Sea) 3 p.m.

Strait (Sea) 3 p.m.

Sevast (Sea) 3 p.m.

POCKET CARTOON



BY THE WAY

by Beachcomber

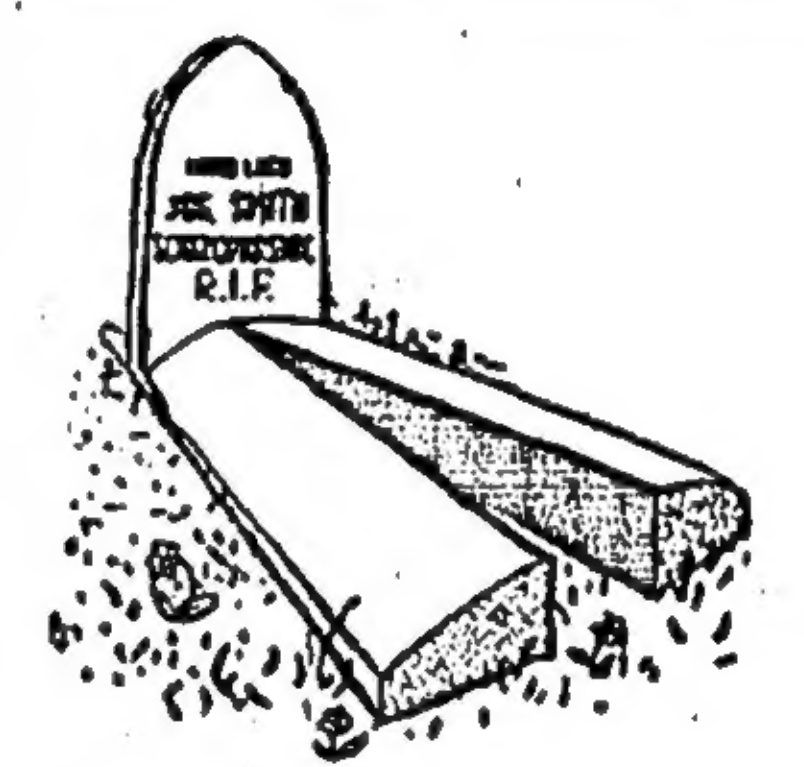
IN the north of this fair Isle there are men in peaked caps armed with little brass rulers who spend their days going from shop to shop, slab to slab, measuring crab shells.

This is no mad argument of my diseased brain, this is really happening. Ho there! The inspectors are in—bar the doors and lock poor Nelly in the coal shed.

They search, they say through their moustaches, for immature little crabs illegally caught by dark-eyed, swagging fishermen. If they had any sense they could tell an immature crab without a little brass ruler. He is shy and embarrassed in company, blushes up easily, and doesn't know what to do with his claws when spoken to. As well as that his shell measures only three and seven-eighths inches across.

New twist

THIS all reminds me of the elderly gentleman at Romano's who mistook our grandfather for the night porter. "Call me a crab, my man," he said. "Certainly," replied our grandfather, who was a little hard of hearing. "You are a crab—but I cannot call you a handsome crab."



Fun and games

THERE seems to be a lot of fuss and counting-of-small-change over the finances of the Olympic Games. This is history repeating itself, the gossiping old bore. As I used to say long before these Roman holidays to pay when the lions eat up all the prophets?

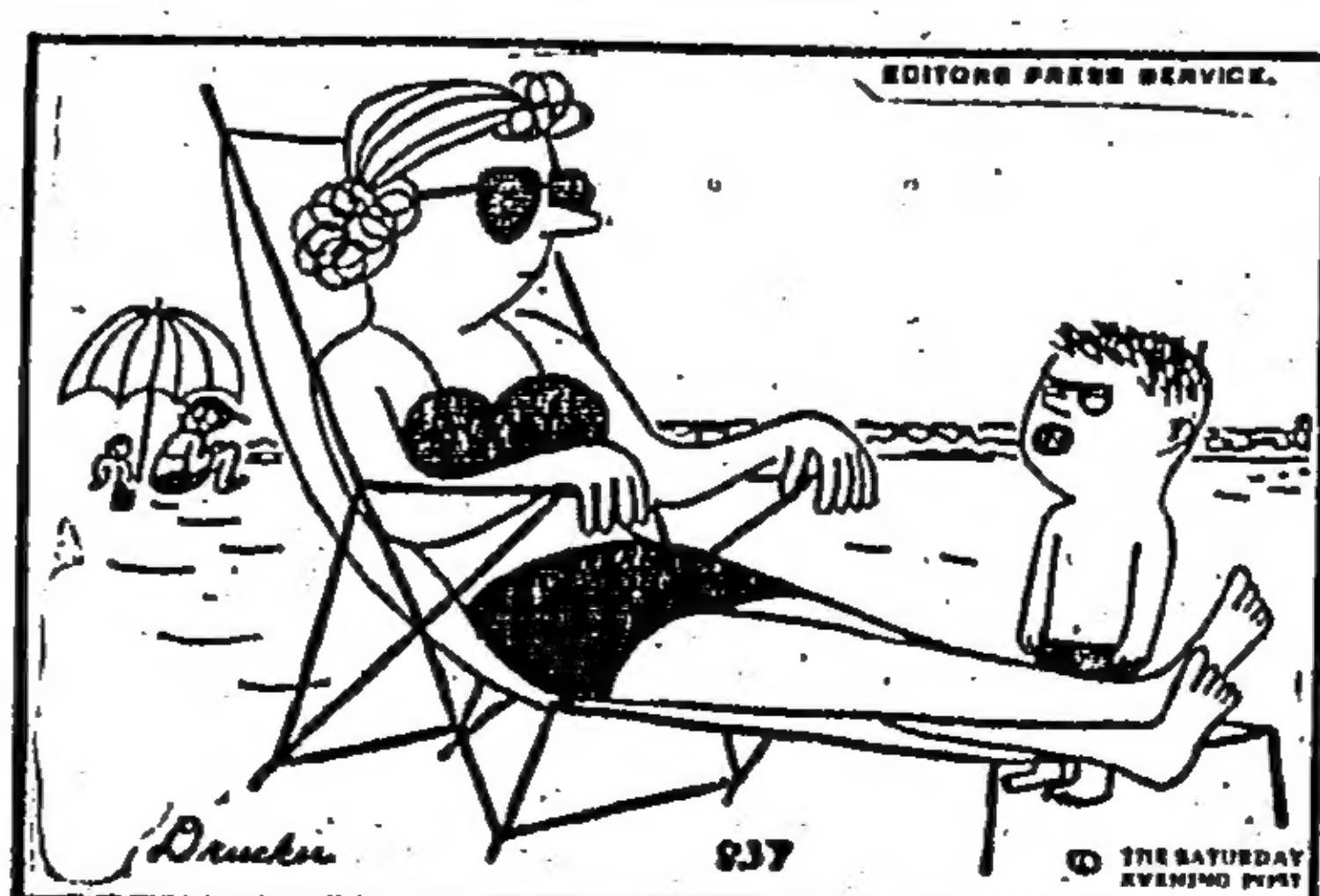
CHECK YOUR KNOWLEDGE

Answers

1. Ambrosia. 2. Antwerp. 3. A form of wrestling practised by the Japanese. 4. In northern Chile, South America. 5. Fish. 6. A poet, vagabond and rogue born, presumably in Paris, in 1431, hero of the play "Vagabond King."

Radio Hongkong

H.K.T. Programme Summary: 6.01, Children's Half Hour: "Travelers' Joy." A Comedy Thriller Episode: "French Leave" (DICTS); 6.30, "Feller Time" Presented by Philip Burn (Studio); 7.00, "See You" (Studio); 7.15, "Savoyphone Recital" by Emilio Salgari with Piano accompaniment by Peter Valderama (Studio); 7.25, Music from (London, Relay); 8.15, "Take Your Choice" by George Guitary in C.I. Cochrane's "Hiss the Bride" by A. J. Herbert and Vivian Ellis (DICTS); 10.00, World and Home News (London Relay); 10.15, Weather Report; 10.16, Barnard's Van Geer and His Orchestra; 10.20, Music for Dancing; 11.00, Radio News-reel (London Relay); 11.15, Weather Report and Close Down.



"I haven't had any ice cream for two hours."

FOR THE BUSINESSMAN

Speculative Interest In Cotton Shackled

New York, Sept. 9.—Extremely quiet conditions prevailed in the cotton futures market today. Prices swayed within a range of seven points.

HONGKONG SHARES

The Hongkong stock market, which is always extremely sensitive and reacts quickly to political developments, showed every sign this morning of being influenced by the latest events in Berlin. The lower portion of the board recorded only four transactions, whose aggregate value did not exceed \$40,850.

Board prices at noon were as follows:

SHARES	BUYERS	SELLERS	SALES
HK Bank	2010		
East Asia	130 1/2		
INSURANCES			
HK Fire	783		
Union	207		
DOCKS, ETC.			
Dock	143	142	
Land	20 1/2	30 1/2	
PROVIDENT			
Land	23		
IRK Hotel	15 20	15 50	
HK Land	78	100	73
Star	4	1500	4 500
UTILITIES			
Tram	21 50		
Star Ferry	130		
C. Light (O)	21 60	22 40	
Electric	39 1/4	40	
COAL			
INDUSTRIALS			
STONES, ETC.			
Dairy (O)	10 20		
Wharf (Old)	47		
COGNAC			
Ewo	10 1/2	500	10 1/2
			1200
MISCELLANEOUS			
Entertainment	44		

The political situation in Berlin, on top of the war threat between the Indian Government and Hyderabad, plus the French Cabinet crisis and tension between Yugoslavia and Moscow, shackled all speculative interest.

But while numerous outside uncertainties are restraining buyers, sellers at the same time are reluctant to press offerings because of the proximity of prices to the Government loan rate, and the growing belief that any declines will bring heavy producer impounding under the loan programme which sooner or later could create an artificial scarcity in consumer channels despite an abundant crop prospect.

Statistics calculating the supply picture on the basis of the new crop estimate foresee a total domestic supply of 18,011,000 bales. The figure includes a crop estimate of 15,210,000 bales plus a carry-over of 3,082,000 bales and expected imports of 300,000 bales.

On the off-shore side the domestic consumption figure is around 8,500,000 and exports 3,500,000 bales, leaving a prospective carry-over next July of 6,011,000 bales. While the prospective stock is admittedly large, statisticians warn that actual supply through commercial channels will depend on producer loan impounding, which score very widely, ranging from three to six million bales. The market opened five higher to one point lower and then fluctuated decisively in slow trading to close two lower to seven points higher—United Press.

NEW ORLEANS MARKET

New Orleans, Sept. 9.—Prices in the cotton market here today closed as follows:—
Spot 20.00
October 20.00
December 20.71/2
March (1949) 20.34
May 20.39
July 20.15
October 20.09
—United Press.

N.Y. FOREIGN EXCHANGE

New York, Sept. 9.—Today's foreign exchange closing prices were:—
Argentine Peso (Official) US\$0.2077
Argentine Peso (Unofficial) 2.765
Australia 3.23
Brazil 0.550
Belgium 0.228-1/2
Canada 0.200
Chile 0.35
Czechoslovakia 0.031-1/2
France 0.03225
India 0.070
Mexico 1.463
New Zealand 0.43-1/4
Peru 0.404-1/4
Portugal 0.43-1/4
South Africa 0.43-1/4
Sweden 0.270
Switzerland 2.255
Uruguay 4.250
Venezuela 20.0
Shanghai (per Gold Yuan) 2.200 n.
Singapore 2.750
Batavia 4.125
Hongkong 2.400
—United Press.

PARIS RATES

Paris, Sept. 9.—The following exchange rates were quoted in the official market today:—
Free market US\$20 (gold piece) 23.50
Free market US\$1 (note) 403
Black market US\$1 (note) 403
—United Press.

ZURICH EXCHANGE

Zurich, Sept. 9.—Unofficial exchange rates quoted in this market today were as follows:—
Argentine Peso 0.58 Swiss Francs
Dollar 2.02
Sterling 1.25
—United Press.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London, Sept. 9.—Millions of pounds sterling were added to stock market valuations of domestic bus shares today following an announcement that the Transport Commission would pay £24,000,000 for nearly £100 per share, for the Thomas Tilling Road Transport haulage interests.

This section of the market eclipsed all others, which remained overshadowed by the unavourable Berlin developments and the French political situation.

Gilt-edged securities were dull with lack of demand, the list closed 1/16th to 3/16ths lower.

All other sections were quiet.—United Press.

Scrap Metals

New York, Sept. 9.—The following prices were quoted in the scrap metal market here today:—
Scrap (per ton) US\$12.75/10.00
Light F.O.I. per ton 17.00/17.50
Heavy F.O.I. per ton 17.00/17.50
Steel F.O.I. per ton 30.00/30.00
(No. 1 heavy melting) —United Press.

Exchange Rates

Business was done in the local un-official exchange market this morning at the following rates:—
Total gold holdings Fr\$32,816,526.210
Reserves 513,000,000
Sight balances abroad 213,772
Bills discounted in France 164,588,703.431
Notes in circulation 571,411,408,000
Current accounts 106,625,400,622
Deposits —United Press.

McKENNEY ON BRIDGE

Not Taking Opener Wins Game Hand

BY WILLIAM E. McKENNEY

DURING one of the sessions of the recent Ohio State tournament in Cleveland, O., I was kibitzed by John McCormick, the new manager of WTAM, and Harold Gallagher, who has been associated with that broadcasting station for more than 20 years.

After the tournament we played a little rubber bridge, during which today's hand came up. In connection with his opening bid, Gallagher said he recollected an old theory of mine that with the declarer-type of hand, you do not need two and one-half tricks to open the bidding.

If I had opened a club in response to my partner's bid, Gallagher would not have had much trouble.

▲ A Q J 5 3			
● 10 9 7			
♥ K Q J 8			
♠ 10 5			

McKenney	N	E	K 10 4
10 9 7	W	5	7 4
♥ K Q J 8	Dealer		♥ K Q J 9
♠ 10 5			♠ 9 2

Gallagher			
♠ 10 5			
♥ K Q J 8			
♦ 10 5 3			
♣ 7			

South	West	North	East
1 ♠	Pass	1 ♠	2 ♣
2 ♣	Pass	3 ♣	Pass
3 ♣	Pass	4 ♣	Pass

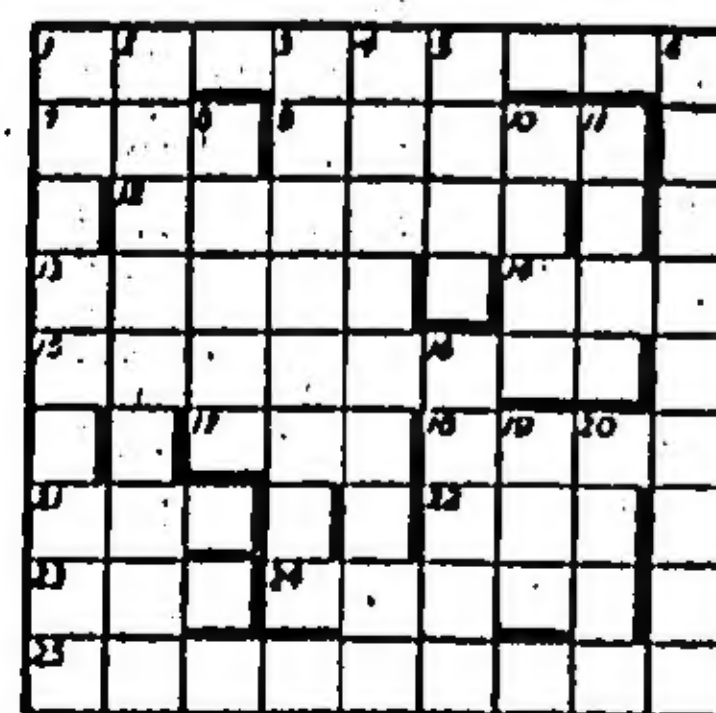
Opening—♦ K 25

gave him a tougher opening, however, in the king of diamonds. Gallagher put on the three of diamonds from his hand, and I continued with the diamond jack, which he won with the ace.

Now when he led the king of hearts and East won with the ace, he had no diamonds to return. He led back the king of clubs. Gallagher won this trick in dummy, picked up the trumps, then led the six of spades and played the jack from dummy.

My partner made a good defensive try by refusing to win this with the king. But Gallagher simply cashed the ace of spades and conceded a diamond trick. If he had won the first trick with the ace of diamonds, his contract would have been defeated easily.

CROSSWORD



17. This join is tasty. (3)
18. Bring up. (4)
19. This in the ten has dropped. (5)
20. This is shows ambition. (5)
21. A cutting word. (5)
22. Nice ogress for a change. (9)

Down
1. I burn coal (anag.). (9)
2. Make shifts. (5)
3. Irish country. (9)
4. Lamp groin (anag.). (9)
5. This monkey next to the unknown quantity. (4)
6. It's the same brain in a different way. (9)
7. Is equally coupled here. (8)
8. A neutral language. (6)
9. Centenarian. (6)
10. Obviously I data the waterway. (10)
11. Round in welfare centres. (9)
12. Seal the drink. (6)

Solution to yesterday's puzzle—Across
1. Middle-aged. 2. American. 3. Nuts. 4. Italy. 5. Limit. 6. Black. 7. Aye. 8. Heavy. 9. Down. 10. Marked. 11. Heavy. 12. Omelette. 13. Lard. 14. C. 15. Heavy. 16. Omelette. 17. Omelette. 18. Omelette. 19. Omelette. 20. Omelette. 21. Omelette. 22. Omelette.

1. You must drill bias to be success as this. (10)
2. A little mischief. (10)
3. Orgs. (5)
4. Spout per map. (9)
5. An upper window. (8)
6. The first half of summer. (9)
7. Rode right into the curb. (9)

BERLIN INCIDENT STATEMENT

No Trouble In British Sector

Berlin, Sept. 9.—Major-General E. O. Herbert, the British Commandant in Berlin, issued tonight an official statement on today's incidents during the mass demonstration based on first reports by British and German police.

The statement said that at 7 p.m. the meeting was over "and in the British sector the crowd dispersed in an orderly fashion."

"There was a minor incident immediately over the borderline in the Soviet sector, where the crowd became hostile to the occupants of a Soviet jeep. It seems probable that stones were thrown."

"A little later, there was a further incident in the Unter den Linden, within hearing of but not in sight of the British sector. There was some revolver shooting, apparently from the north side of the street in the Soviet sector. Some youths pulled down the Red flag from the top of the Brandenburg Gate."

"The crowd in the Soviet sector then became hostile. Part of it surged back through the Brandenburg Gate into the British sector. The Soviet guards on the war memorial in the British sector then entered into the proceedings."

DISSUADED FROM FIRING

"They drove in a jeep into the road junction west of the Brandenburg Gate, which is part of the Soviet sector, and got into position to fire on the crowd in the British sector. They were dissuaded from doing this by the British Assistant Provost Marshal after two shots had been fired in the air."

"British sector police then successfully dispersed the crowd in the British sector. There was no firing in the British sector. No one was shot in the British sector. Two shots were, however, fired into the British sector."

"The number of casualties in the Soviet sector is unknown. Two persons with gunshot wounds, thought to be from revolvers, were pushed back into the British sector."

"An Eastern sector policeman, who was alleged to have been concerned in the shooting, and had been beaten up by the crowd, was also received into the British sector. "By 7.45 p.m. the area was empty." —Reuter.

James Roosevelt Has An Idea

Los Angeles, Sept. 9.—The United States should "bomb" Russia with a huge batch of propaganda leaflets even if some airmen were shot down on the mission, Mr. James Roosevelt, the eldest son of the late President Roosevelt, suggested today.

In an address to the Exchange Club, he said that reaching the Russian people direct was the greatest task facing non-residents.

"We should be so bold as to build fleets of long-distance bombers and drop all over Russia the greatest amount of propaganda leaflets ever dropped on any country," he added.

Mr. Roosevelt, who is a Democratic National Committeeman, said that there was a risk of some airmen being shot down on such a mission, but he "certainly hoped and trusted that the Russians would not be that foolish."

"However, it is much better to run a risk of being killed in the interests of peace than in war," he said.—Reuter.

Scientists In Red Dispute



L. A. Orbell (right), noted Soviet biologist, has been freed from his duties "according to a decree published in Moscow by the Soviet Academy of Sciences. The academy has promised Premier Stalin that Soviet Scientists have agreed to make their views on heredity and environment conform to those of Prof. T. D. Lyenko (left) whose approach to biology has been endorsed by the committee.—AP Picture.

Airliner Hits Hillside, 36 Killed



Singapore's Opium Smoking Facilities

Singapore, Sept. 9.—The foreign tourist who wants to be able to tell the boys back home that he has sampled a little of this wicked city's illicit delights can, for the moderate expenditure of one dollar Straits currency sample a whiff of opium in almost any one of Singapore's thousand odd smoking dens.

Under the law, possession of the drug, pipes, lamps and the other paraphernalia connected with smoking is an offence punishable by imprisonment, but the law is ignored by the city's myriads of smokers who estimate their own numbers at 70,000.

ANTARCTIC EXPEDITION NOW READY

London, September, 9.—Equipped with planes, oil-finding seismographs and special launches, Britain's newest Antarctic expedition will sail for the South Pole regions next month.

Under the command of Major K. S. Pierce Butler, it will carry 110 supplies to Britain's eight full-time bases scattered through the Falkland Island dependencies, and will mount a fresh assault against the grim unknown of Alexander I land where petroleum deposits are expected to be found.

The huge bulk of land which lies off Graham Land between 70 and 75 degrees latitude is about 300 miles long at its longest portion and 150 miles wide at the widest portion.

It has been haphazardly mapped by several expeditions, but the British party will give it a most thorough exploitation that modern science can provide.—United Press

Postal Services To Palestine

London, Sept. 9.—The Postmaster General announced on Thursday that the air and surface mail services to Palestine have been extended to certain places in Arab controlled areas.

The following are the more important: Beersheba, Jenin, Bethlehem, Nablus, El Faluja, Ramallah, Gazl and Tulkarm.

The air mail service is still restricted to letters not exceeding two ounces in weight and postcards. Registration facilities are not available by either route.—Associated Press.

Volunteer searchers aid the hunt for the bodies of 36 passengers and crew members in the wreckage of this Northwest Airlines plane which was demolished when it hit a Wisconsin hillside, five miles north- east of Winona, Minn. A storm was raging at the time.—AP Picture.

Assuming that every smoker's daily consumption average \$5, Singapore's daily opium bill amounts to the staggering sum of \$350,000 most of which goes into the capacious pockets of smugglers, den-keepers, extortioners, "protection" men and revenue officers and police. Nothing goes to the Government by way of tax.

A typical den consists of a small room containing four roomy bunks, each bunk accommodating three men lying down. The smokers smoke triangular fashion, one preparing the drug, one smoking and one resting between indulgence.

PLENTIFUL SUPPLIES

So plentiful are supplies of smuggled opium that den-keepers are ever on the look out for new victims and youths and girls are sometimes offered free smokes in order to make them become addicts. Like the American boy's first cigar, a single smoke of opium may not result in ill effects but a beginner taking two smokes consecutively usually experiences extreme nausea and sometimes retching.

Owners of dens do not themselves operate them, but employ for that purpose a young man or woman. There is little attempt at concealment and prices are posted. In Chinese characters on the wall.—United Press.

But Mr Hoffman and other officials have emphasised that trade between Western Europe and Russian-controlled Eastern Europe must be revived in order to promote Western European recovery.

The question now is: What kind of tools have the Russians offered? Few, if any, machine tools have been allowed to go to Russia since March 1, when the United States clamped down a virtual ban on exports of industrial goods, military equipment or other items of "basic importance in the manufacture of munitions."

Aides to Mr Hoffman said a British undertaking to fill the Russian order is sure to get close scrutiny from ECA.

It all depends, they said, on the nature of the tools.—Associated Press.

Union Support For Dewey

Albany, Sept. 9.—Governor Thomas Dewey, Republican Presidential candidate, today won the support of a 175,000-member labour union which backed President Roosevelt and Truman in 1944. The powerful AFL Building Service Employees International pledged itself to do "all that is lawful and proper" to aid in electing the New York Governor.

The announcement of the Union action was made by Mr William McKridge, General President, after a conference in Mr Dewey's office. He also published the text of a strongly worded resolution of the Union's Executive Board saying, "We believe that Governor Dewey has shown himself to be a wise and able administrator of public affairs." —United Press.

ASSASSINATION RUMOUR

Seoul, Sept. 9.—An assassination rumour kept President Syngman Rhee from a farewell gathering at Kempo airport today.

The head of the Korean Republic in South Korea was persuaded not to appear at the airport after Seoul's police chief reported the rumour. He said he had heard that "Communist youngsters" had attempted to learn when Rhee would be there.

Detectives were scattered through the crowd of nearly 500 at the airport, but there were no incidents nor was anyone arrested.

The crowd had gathered to see the departure of two groups of South Korea goodwill emissaries. One group is bound for the United Nations General Assembly session at Paris, the other plans official calls in Nanking, Manila, Washington, London and Paris.—Associated Press.

RUSSIAN POSER FOR HOFFMAN

Washington, Sept. 9.—A reported Russian order for \$48,000,000 worth of machine tools from a British firm promised today to dump a tough problem in the lap of European Recovery Administrator Paul G. Hoffman.

The Russians were said to have been unable to get the tools from the United States.

Mr Hoffman has authority from Congress to shut off billions in aid to the British if they ship the Soviet Union "war potential" goods which the United States won't let Russia buy here.

But Mr Hoffman and other officials have emphasised that trade between Western Europe and Russian-controlled Eastern Europe must be revived in order to promote Western European recovery.

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It all depends, they said, on the nature of the tools.—Associated Press.

Big Four Talks Impracticable

London, Sept. 9.—An authoritative Whitehall source reported today that Britain will tell Russia that a call for a big four Foreign Ministers' meeting on the Italian question is impracticable.

Britain will propose instead, he said, that the meeting should begin on Monday.

A note to this effect will be handed to Soviet Ambassador Zarubin tonight, the source said.

The move is the latest of a series of East-West exchanges over whether and when the Council of Foreign Ministers should be convened to discuss the future of Italy's three prewar colonies in Africa.—Associated Press.

MADAME FENG IS INDISPOSED

Moscow, Sept. 9.—The widow of Marshal Feng Yu-hsiang remained indisposed at the National Hotel, Moscow, yesterday.

She survived the fire aboard the Russian ship Pobeda on which her husband and a daughter perished while en route to the Soviet Union from the Associated Press she was too ill to see visitors.—Associated Press.

Padres Seek Ban On "Blue" Telegrams

Wellington, New Zealand, Sept. 9.—After earnestly considering whether risque telegrams could be read at wedding breakfasts, ministers here have decided—no.

Therefore the National Council of Churches will be asked for concerted action to request the Post Office to ban "blue" telegrams "bordering on the indecent." —United Press.

Yugoslav Note Called "Slanderous And Libellous"

RUMANIAN INDIGNATION

London, Sept. 9.—The Rumanian Government on Thursday dismissed as "slanderous and libellous" a note from Yugoslavia, received on August 25, asserting the Rumanian leaders seek to overthrow the Marshal Tito regime. The news agency Tanjug said that Rumania's note was a reply handed to the Yugoslav Charge d'Affaires in Bucharest on Thursday by the Rumanian Foreign Ministry.

Rumanian officials said that the Yugoslav communication consists from beginning to end of false and slanderous allegations, and was an attempt to challenge "the right of politicians in Rumania to express their opinions freely."

The Yugoslavs contended that Anna Pauker, Rumanian Foreign Minister and other state officials had called upon Yugoslavians to "revolt and overthrow" their legal government which means Marshal Tito and his Yugoslav communist party followers.

The text of the note as broadcast by the Rumanian telegraph agency, declared that Yugoslavia's protest was an attempt to protect the present leaders of the Yugoslav communist party from criticism.

PRAVDA JOINS IN

It said "the Rumanian Government cannot forbid its members from participating in the work of these party organisations of which they are members and similarly cannot forbid them from making political declarations on instructions of these organisations."

Yugoslavia has publicly protested ever since its breach with the Cominform that it still looked to Russia for leadership. However, the Soviet Union's "Pravda" made the breach official this week by joining openly in the knuckle rapping of Marshal Tito, which up to now had been carried on by other nations in the Cominform.

Thursday's note said Rumania "indignantly protests against the insults and lying allegations" against its officials contained in the August 25 communication from Yugoslavia.

"The Rumanian Government," the note said, "rejects the accusation that Rumanian politicians, press or radio have waged or are waging a campaign against the Yugoslav people or the Yugoslav Federal People's Republic." —Associated Press.

Yugoslav And Greek Troops Clash

Athens, Sept. 9.—The Minister of War, M. George Stratos, said tonight that Greek and Yugoslav troops clashed yesterday inside Greece and eight Yugoslav soldiers and one officer were killed.

He did not say whether there was any Greek casualties, but told a press conference three Yugoslavs were captured and an undisclosed number wounded in the first open skirmish between Greek and Yugoslav troops since the guerilla war began two years ago.

The Minister said the clash took place in the Souli frontier area, where Yugoslavs attacked the Greek 550th Battalion.

GREEKS WITHDRAW

The Greek defenders withdrew after the invaders occupied positions inside Greece, but later counter-attacked and recaptured Souli, M. Stratos said.

He added that the Yugoslav wounded had been treated, but the dead were left where they fell to await investigation by the United Nations Balkan Commission team.

M. Stratos also said the Greek General Staff had ordered the Greek troops "not to enter, under any circumstances, foreign territory" and to safeguard Greek territory by all means available.—United Press.

Bernadotte Back In Rhodes

Rhodes, Sept. 9.—Count Bernadotte returned to his Palestine headquarters from Tel-Aviv on Thursday. He is expected to work on his report to the United Nations during the next few days. His staff said it was possible the report on efforts to find a permanent solution to the Palestine problem might be finished some time next week.

The report will go to Secretary-General Trygve Lie for distribution to members of U.N.O.

It is expected to come up for discussion before the General Assembly beginning in Paris on September 21.

Count Bernadotte conferred with Israeli leaders in Tel-Aviv on Thursday. He previously talked with Arab leaders in Alexandria and Amman.—Associated Press.

Catholics Postpone Conference

Warsaw, Sept. 9.—The autumn conference of all Catholic Church bishops in Poland, due to open on Thursday in the city of Czesochowa, was postponed until the end of September as news of fresh arrests of prominent Catholics reached Warsaw.

An authoritative source said security police had seized the Reverend Doctor Roman Mielinski, chief editor of the Catholic newspaper, Glos Katolicki.

Charges against Mielinski were not disclosed immediately. Meanwhile, Monsignor Zygmunt Kaczynski, chief press spokesman for the Catholic hierarchy remained under the watch of security police pending investigation of accusations that he was involved in anti-state activities.

Kaczynski was released within 72 hours after his arrest on August 31. Three members of his staff are still in gaol.—Associated Press.

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